

Deloitte Tax LLP | December 7, 2022



Overview

On May 16, 2022, the Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court issued an opinion in <u>VAS Holdings & Investment LLC v. Commissioner</u> ("VAS Holdings"). The court ruled in VAS Holdings that while it would be constitutionally permissible for a state to apportion the gain on the sale of a partnership recognized by a partner based on the activities of the underlying partnership, the commonwealth's existing statutes did not authorize such treatment unless the partner and the partnership were part of a unitary business. Please see this <u>Tax Alert</u> from July 15, 2022 for a detailed discussion of the opinion.

On November 30, 2022, the Massachusetts Department of Revenue ("Department") issued <u>Technical Information Release 22-14</u> ("TIR 22-14"), discussing the Department's interpretation of the applicability of *VAS Holdings* to other taxpayers.

This Tax Alert summarizes the release.

Applicability of VAS Holdings to other taxpayers

The Department stated its intention to continue to source gains from the sale of a passthrough entity ("PTE") to Massachusetts based on the entity's apportionment factor in the following cases:

- Where a PTE and the non-domiciliary seller are engaged in a unitary business, either directly or through "tiers" of PTEs;
- Where the investment in the PTE served an operational function with respect to the business of such seller; and
- Where the seller is an individual non-resident who was "actively engaged" in the in-state business of the PTE, either in the year of the sale or in a prior year.

The Department clarified that to the extent any gain on the sale of a PTE is recognized by a Massachusetts individual resident or is otherwise allocable to Massachusetts, the entire amount would be taxable in Massachusetts. The Department also clarified that *VAS Holdings* does not apply to distributive share income from a PTE's regular business operations.

Accordingly, where a non-resident seller is not unitary with the underlying PTE or otherwise actively engaged in the PTE's business, the Department will apply the holding in *VAS Holdings* that the gain or loss is not apportioned.

Abatement issues

The Department indicated that they intend to grant abatements for open periods where the non-resident taxpayer clearly demonstrates that it apportioned the gain from the sale of the PTE interest based entirely on the PTE's apportionment attributes and no other entity's.

Get in touch

Alexis Morrison-Howe
Bob Carleo
Greg Bergmann
Shirley Wei
Tyler Greaves







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30 Rockefeller Plaza New York, NY 10112-0015 United States

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