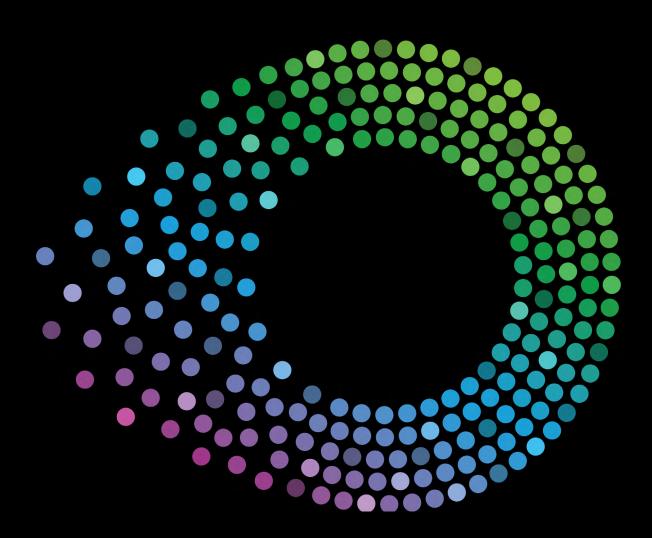
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# Remuneration in Nordic Large-Cap Companies

Benchmarking executive management and board remuneration



## Contents

Introduction	3
Content overview	4
Key findings for the Nordics	5
Key trends, tendencies, practices, and regulation in the Nordics	8
- The Nordic market environment	8
- Corporate governance and executive remuneration	9
- 2022 Proxy Season Topics	13
- 2022 AGM season for Nordic Large-Cap companies	13
- Remuneration reports for 2021 and beyond	15
- Denmark	20
- Finland	21
- Norway	22
- Sweden	22
- Total shareholder return (or alignment) in executive remuneration	24
- ESG metrics and targets in executive remuneration	25
- Remuneration Committee Annual Cycle	28
Benchmarking board and executive remuneration	29
Overview of remuneration components	31
Methodology	32
Total remuneration of Nordic CEOs	33
Base salaries of Nordic CEOs	36
Bonus payments to Nordic CEOs	42
Long-term incentive (LTI) payments to Nordic CEOs	44
Long-term incentive (LTI) programme structures	46
Board remuneration	50
Our approach and hiw can Deloitte help?	52
Our contacts	53
Appendix	54

### Introduction

A rapidly changing environment underpinned by exponential advances in technology as well as demographic and economic shifts have impacted the way we view work satisfaction and career expectations. Boards and executives need to better engage with their employees to truly understand their motivations and expectations at work today. The primary contributing factor was obviously the COVID-19 pandemic. On the upside, we have seen organisations and workers rise to the occasion - unveiling human potential at its best. Organisations have been adopting remote or virtual work, seeking out new ways to collaborate, or leveraging the power of technology in new and different ways. However, we have also seen unintended consequences including deterioration of employee well-being and increasing rates of burnout.

So, what will the future of reward look like in practice? Traditional reward programmes are typically designed to achieve a simple goal of paying market value or drive specific performance ('table stakes') and are received by employees periodically through pay cheques and bonuses. With the continual blurring of lines between work and home life, the future reward experience needs to be embedded in all aspects of the daily life of the workforce and to emphasise the wants and needs of employees through use of both market and motivator rewards. Organisations will continue to embed 'table stakes' at the heart of any reward strategy to provide the fundamental, baseline required to attract and retain talent by meeting employee expectations, market and social norms. In addition, organisations will increasingly use motivator rewards to provide an enhanced experience, act as a differentiator in the demand for talent, and to align employee, organisational and executive goals.

So, how will the future of executive remuneration be impacted by these human capital and reward trends for the wider workforce?

In 2021, we saw executive remuneration practices returning to a more normal recurring practice and positive development impacted by the positive shareholder experience for investors holding shares in the Nordic Large-Cap companies, including increased or high levels of long-term incentives granted. We also saw scrutiny of company remuneration practices for 2021 reach an all-time high, with shareholders, proxy advisors, the media, and other external and internal stakeholders all weighing in.

This annual report does the important work of providing a benchmark of remuneration data. We will look at the developments in executive remuneration and provide an overview of the executive and board remuneration practices for the Nordic Large-Cap companies.

All Nordic Large-Cap companies are required to publish remuneration reports for 2021 in accordance with the Shareholder Rights Directive (SRDII) as implemented into the local Companies Acts for all listed companies. Our report provides an updated overview of the regulatory and reporting requirements of SRDII in the Nordics. We describe these requirements and updated guidelines and provide our benchmarking survey insights on remuneration disclosure practices for 2021. While there are a wide range of practices, and variation in the quality of remuneration disclosures, we note that Nordic Large-Cap companies, overall, have increased the level of disclosure in their remuneration reports. Additionally, almost all remuneration reports were adopted at the annual general meetings (AGMs). However, there is still room for improvement many Large-Cap companies can still further enhance their 'pay for performance' disclosures.

Remuneration committees will have their work cut out for them in 2022 in their annual cycles. The work includes reviewing existing remuneration practices against market practices, preparing scenarios for grants of variable executive pay, aligning with the shareholder experience, setting ESG metrics and targets in executive remuneration, and developing responses to shareholder feedback.

In 2022, remuneration committees will also need to balance their responses carefully to more complex and broader questions and dilemmas related to executive remuneration, engage more closely with the wider workforce and their investors, and provide clear communication and argumentation in the remuneration reports.

Deloitte continues to advise our clients as they build more resilient organisations addressing human capital and reward trends and developing executive remuneration design and implementation while ensuring transparent policies and reporting to shareholders and other key stakeholders.

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