

Data Revealed: Insights from our survey

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Purpose

- We are 11 months into IFRS17 production, and fast approaching year-end for December reporters.
- We decided to run a survey across IFRS17 reporters operating in Ireland to take a temperature check on progress and understand the key challenges and practical steps taken to manage IFRS17 BAU.

Approach

We surveyed over **20 insurance entities** operating in Ireland including direct, reinsurance, life, non-life and composites.

Headlines



Benefits & Challenges

 IFRS17 brings greater alignment between financial and actuarial but at a cost to the working day timetable



Transition to BAU

 There has been an increase in FTE (finance and actuarial) to support the extra demands of IFRS17



Technology

 In the context of a significantly complex standard, companies are reasonably satisfied with their vendor solutions and implementations



Beyond go-live

 There will be a continued focus on embedding IFRS17 over the next 12 months to enhance processes, controls and the WDT

There is greater alignment between Finance & Actuarial, and increased comparability of results across the market...but it comes at a cost to the working day timetable (WDT).



Figure 1: What are the key **benefits** derived from IFRS17 compliance (select top two)?

Figure 2: What are the biggest **challenges** since IFRS17 Go-Live (select top three)?



- Greater alignment between Finance & Actuarial is perceived as the biggest benefit from IFRS17, with compliance and comparability of results in second and third respectively.
- Requirement to report expected and actuals and the increased granularity of reporting are key contributors to greater functional alignment.

- Fast close cited as the biggest challenge due to complexity of solution, challenges with interpreting results, and specific requirements of IFRS17 (e.g. market rate yield curves)
- Controls challenge expected given the maturity of the IFRS17 process
- Results interpretation challenge expected given early stages of BAU
- Data quality and automation challenges automation priorities shifted when companies faced time pressure to generate IFRS17 OBS and Transition results

Companies have increased their actuarial and finance FTE to manage the additional demands of IFRS17. Most are leveraging a prototype to validate their IFRS17 results along with other techniques (SII comparison & IFRS4 comparison being the next most popular).



Figure 3: What is the percentage increase (ballpark) in *resources* hired to report IFRS17, across the key functions outlined below?

 >70% of respondents confirmed additional hires in Finance, 33% increasing their headcount by >10%
>80% of respondents confirmed additional hires in Actuarial, with 33% increasing their headcount by >10%

Figure 4: Which function or role within the organisation is responsible for the **validation of results** produced from the IFRS17 engine/solution?



Figure 5: How are you getting **COMfort** over the IFRS17 numbers that are being produced? (select all that apply)



Insurers were reasonably satisfied with their IFRS17 technology solutions. It's not surprising that data quality and data capture created challenges in preparing the technology solutions – big technology transformations tend to reveal these challenges.

Figure 8: Which aspects of preparing your technology solutions to support *IFRS17 compliance have been the most challenging?*



13% of respondents were dissatisfied with their IFRS17 technology solution

Figure 9: What is currently impacting your fast close performance most? (select three)



47% have been given an extension for their IFRS17 reporting deadlines.

- The Fast Close / WDT is cited as the top challenge (figure 2) – with workarounds, source data delivery and system processing being the lead contributors
- It's expected that workarounds (due to errors or gaps) will reduce over time as the solution matures
- Nearly 50% have been granted extensions but majority of these are temporary
- >90% of respondents track their WDT in a tool, of which the vast majority are using excel

A huge amount of time (on both sides) has been consumed on Audit Engagement which is not surprising given the complexity of the standard and implementation.

Figure 5: What are the key areas of **focus by auditors**? (select three)



Figure 6: What are your three most significant KPIs under IFRS17?





- Audit engagement has been significant for IFRS17 insurers with significant amount of time spent on methodology, calculation, and control environment reviews
- The focus is expected to change as we approach year end for the majority of IFRS17 reporters, with financial statement and disclosure reviews expected to consume time



- Insurance service, profitability, and CSM related KPIs are the top results
- We anticipate **ROE to become more important** as IFRS17 matures and the market aligns on a consistent definition

ESG is clearly on the programme agenda of many, however, Operating Model enhancements and Reporting Synergies are the top priorities.



Figure 9: What are your **focus areas** after IFRS17 Go Live? And have projects been set up?

Figure 10: Are you thinking about **restructuring** parts of the implemented IFRS17 End to End Solution?

Figure 11: If yes, which **parts** would you change?





85% are citing low to moderate budget to bring the IFRS17 solution into its target state

No Yes

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