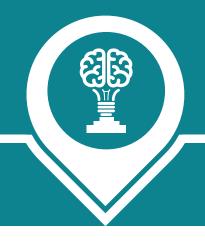
Deloitte.

Supply Chain resilience

This report sheds light on resilience in supply chains

Based on data from Deloitte's Supply Chain Panel









Page 2 - 3

The importance of supply chain resilience

Page 4 - 8

The components of supply chain resilience

Page 9 - 15

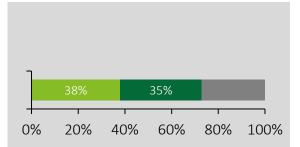
Supply chain resilience in practice



The focus is shifting from efficiency to resilience. The aim is now to be agile, flexible, collaborative, predictive, and network focused



3 of 4 respondents rate supply chain resilience as important in their company



73% of respondents either have or will implement dual or multi sourcing, coming from single sourcing



Most influencing enabler of supply chain resilience is increased cross functional collaboration.

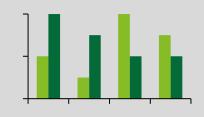
A previous study by Deloitte¹ supports this conclusion. It showed that 2 of 3 companies that removed silo structure before the pandemic were more resilient towards the disruptions of 2020



Risk mitigation must be aimed broadly, as not one internal obstacle is dominant



Survey identified 4 tips to enable successful resilience: Start small, Clear vision and strategy, Trust the data, and People management.



There appears a discrepancy between what is valued the most important enablers for resilience and what is implemented in companies















Page 2 - 3

The importance of supply chain resilience

Page 4 - 8

The components of supply chain resilience

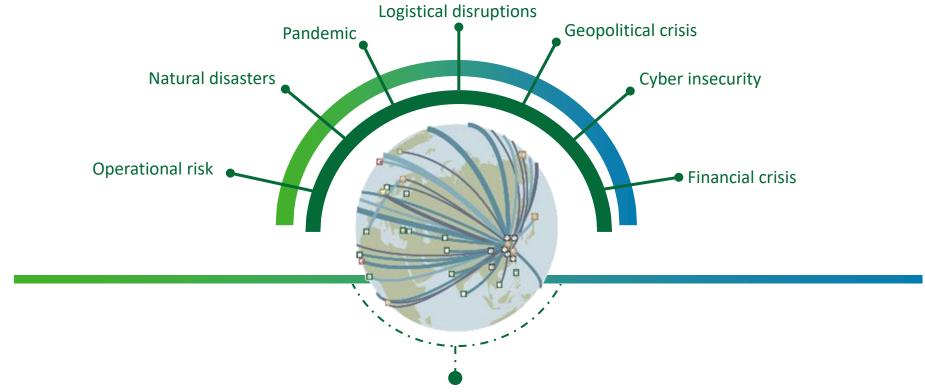
Page 9 - 15

Supply chain resilience in practice



The world is changing | More uncertainty

Global disruptions and market trends are directly affecting operations which pressure the supply chain to respond differently - efficiency is no longer enough!

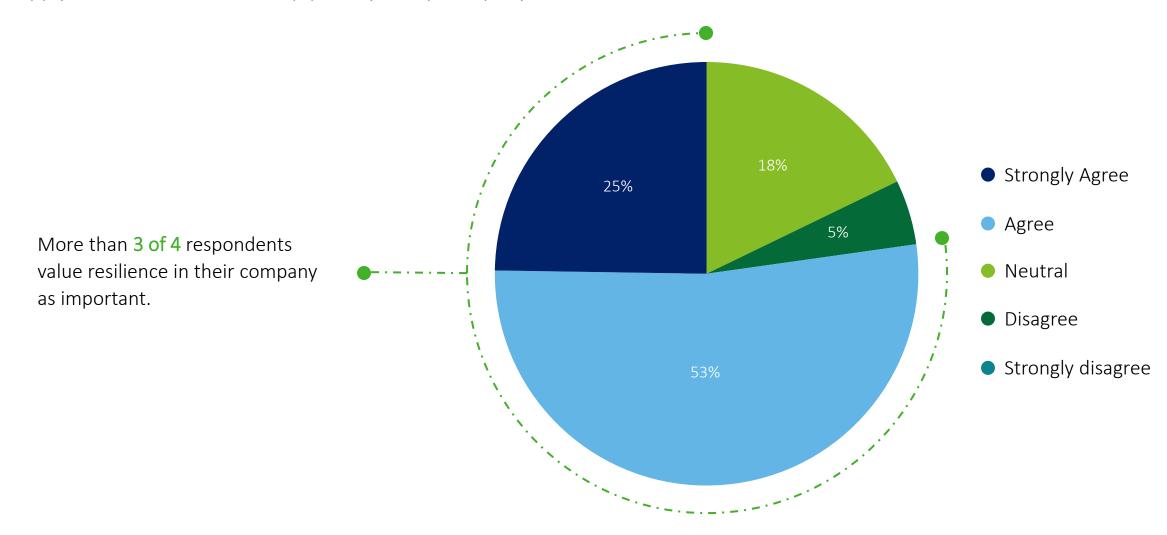


More than 1 of 4 companies have reported more than 20 supply chain disruptions during 2020

This is more than 5 times the number in 2019²

The importance of resilience in companies

Survey respondents were asked to which extent they agree to the following statement: "Supply Chain Resilience is a top priority in my company"



The characteristics of a resilient supply chain

The resilient supply chain has different characteristics from the efficient supply chain

Efficient supply chains

Lean

Focus on operational excellence, supply chain optimization, and the elimination of waste (costs, materials/inventories, assets, etc.)

Specialized

Establishing centers of excellence, shared services, and focused factories to improve efficiency and costs as a means of differentiation.

Consolidated

Mergers and acquisitions, integration of operations, and using economies of scale to improve cost and asset performance.

Reactive

Sensing and responding to demand- and supply-side events and disruptions to quickly re-plan and then align execution.

Enterprise-focused

Focus on functional excellence within the organization's supply chain, including direct (Tier 1) suppliers and customers.

Resilient supply chains

Agile

Supply chain design in consideration of geographical diversity, multi-sourcing, and capacity to respond to market and supply chain disruptions.

Flexible

The ability to quickly adapt to disruptions without significantly increasing operational costs.

Collaboration

Being able to develop symbiotic and trust-based relationships with supply chain partners and other key strategic network participants.

Predictive

The ability to predict issues across the extended supply chain and prescribe actions. Concurrent planning and execution.

Network-focused

Focus on synchronization and optimization of the end-to-end (multi-tier) supply network, enabling coordinated actions and risk mitigation.









Page 2 - 3

The importance of supply chain resilience

Page 4 - 8

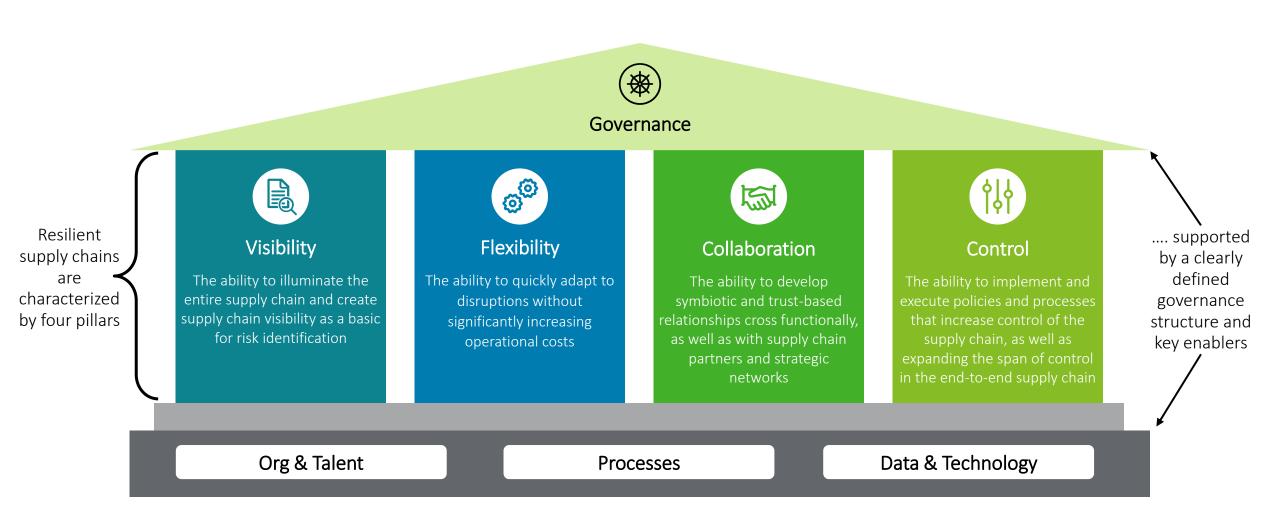
The components of supply chain resilience

Page 9 - 15

Supply chain resilience in practice

The key components of a resilient operation

A resilient organization must be strong in 4 pillars, while ensuring strong supporting elements



The four pillars of resilience

The survey included 23 enablers of supply chain resilience, which are distributed across the 4 pillars of supply chain resilience



Visibility

- Digitization to enable transparency and automation
- Grow insights into suppliers' landscape by tier
- Improve insight in customer demand trends and changes
- Embed risk management in the end-to-end supply chain
- Implement control tower concept
- Strengthen demand planning and forecasting



Flexibility

- Dual and multi sourcing (previously single sourcing)
- Increase inventory buffers of raw materials, components, semi-finished and/or finished goods
- Increase capacity buffers in production, transportation, warehouse and/or distribution
- Increase use of local suppliers - near shoring
- Outsourcing operations that are not core capability or scalable
- Reduce cycle times in supply chain



Collaboration

- Increased cross functional collaboration
- Increase collaboration with supply chain partners
- Training of organization in resilience mindset and techniques
- Educate supply chain leaders in how to handle uncertain times
- Form a cross-functional resilience task force

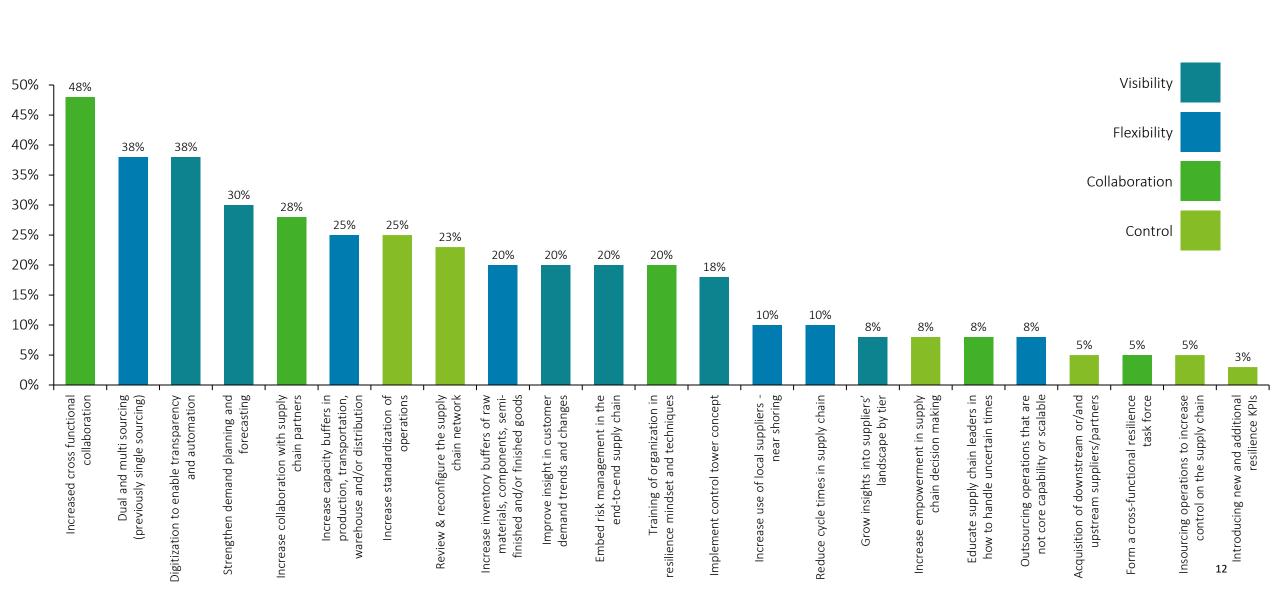


Control

- Increase empowerment in supply chain decision making
- Increase standardization of operations
- Introducing new and additional resilience KPIs
- Acquisition of downstream or/and upstream suppliers/partners
- Insourcing operations to increase control on the supply chain

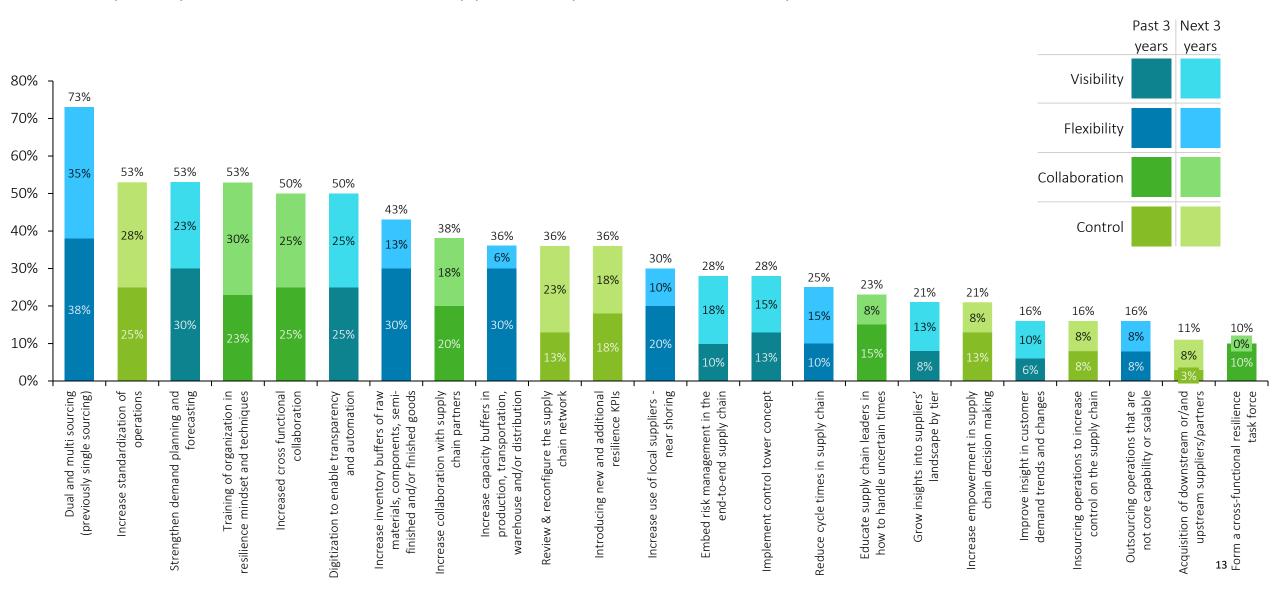
The most influencing enabler to improve supply chain resilience

Survey respondents were asked to pick their top five enablers of supply chain resilience improvement



Enablers implemented in the past 3 years and the next 3 years

Survey respondents were asked two questions to assess which enablers they had already implemented in their company in the past 3 years and which enablers they plan to implement in the next 3 years



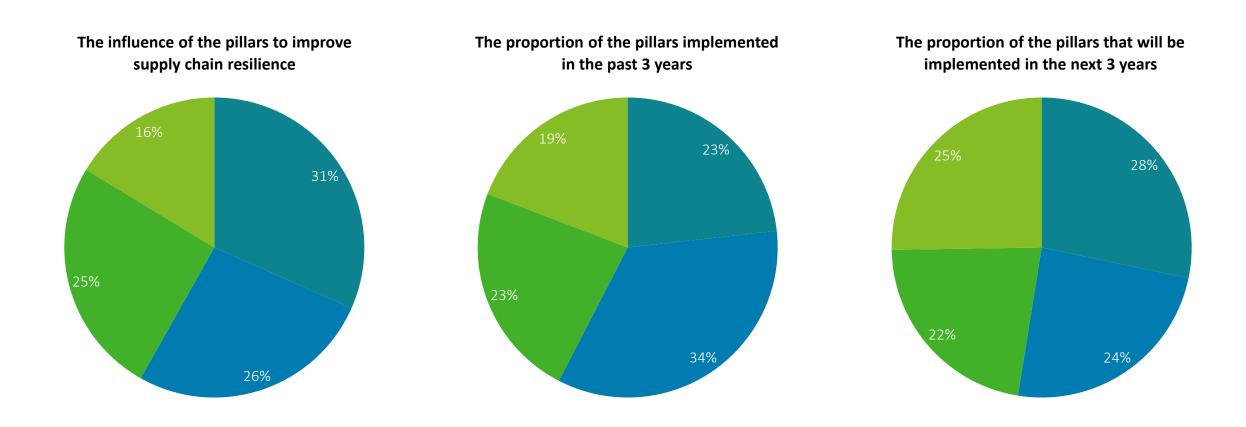
The enablers distributed across the 4 pillars of resilience

Collaboration

Control

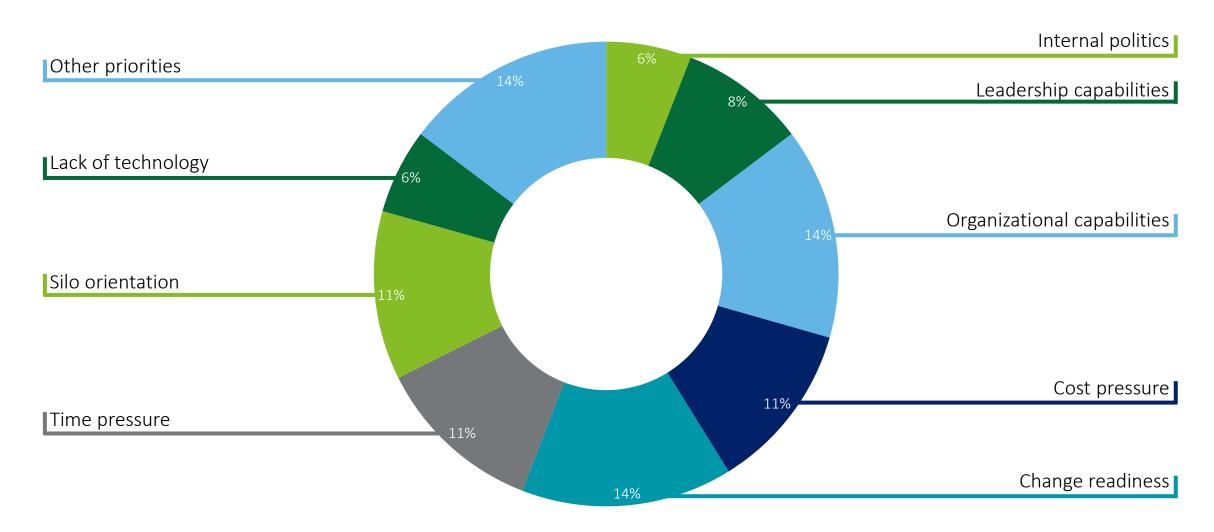
Flexibility

The 23 enablers are grouped into the 4 pillars of resilience. This slide depicts the distribution of selections of the enablers divided into the pillars, both for the question of importance of the enablers, the enablers that have been implemented in the past 3 years, and the enablers that are planned to be implemented in the next 3 years



The biggest internal obstacle to enabling/improving resilience

Survey participants were asked to evaluate which of the options they saw as the biggest obstacle to enabling and/or improving resilience











Page 2 - 3

The importance of supply chain resilience

Page 4 - 8

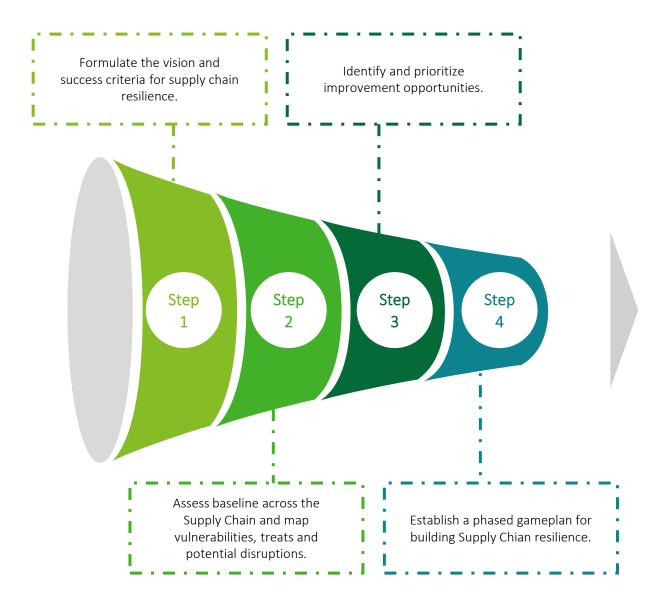
The components of supply chain resilience

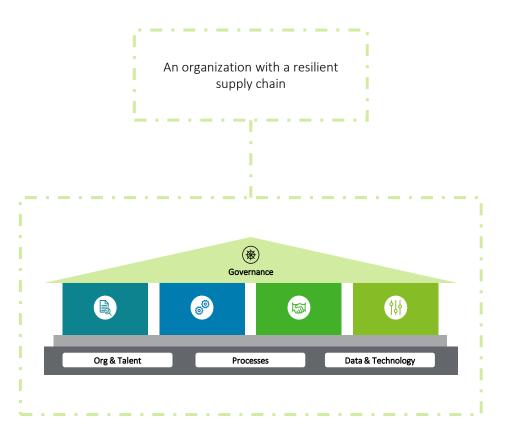
Page 9 - 15

Supply chain resilience in practice

No resilient supply chain looks to same – but the considerations to get there are similar for all

To reach a resilient supply chain, companies must go trough 4 steps

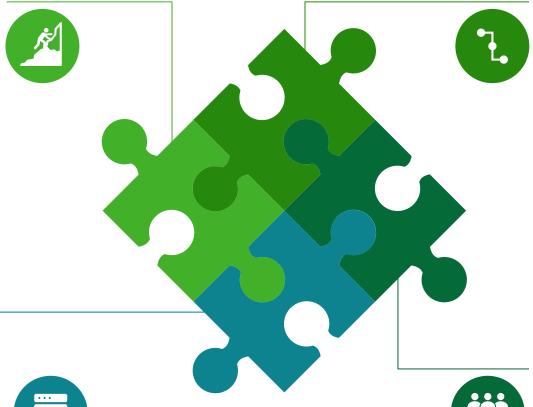




Four tips to get started on your supply chain resilience journey

The survey participants were asked to give advice on how to start a journey of resilient supply chains. The answers centered around four enabling tips

Start small and expand from there
Evaluate the low hanging fruits and
critical dangers to the core
competencies. Make this the foundation
of the resilience journey and add on
from there



Set a clear vision and strategy
Ensure early and clear understanding of
the vision and strategy for the resilience
journey. Make sure to include strategic
considerations outside the company
boarders

Trust the data

Establish trustworthy data gathering processes and visualization. Let this data be the guiding principle instead of relying on experience and gut feeling

Prioritize people management

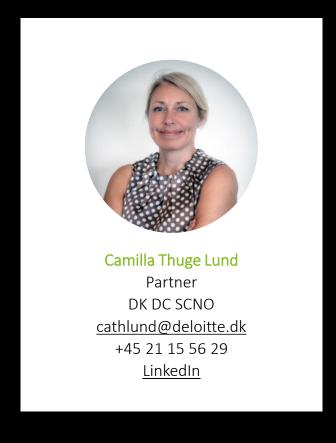
Ensure to gather a strong team, trough training and inter-organizational collaboration. Provide full transparency for the organization to facilitate the change needed

Deloitte.

This report is the work of Supply Chain & Network Operations, Deloitte Consulting, Deloitte Denmark.

The results are based on a survey distributed to participants of Deloitte's supply chain panel in November & December 2022.

Any questions about the survey can be directed to:





Deloitte.

Deloitte refers to one or more of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited ("DTTL"), its global network of member firms, and their related entities (collectively, the "Deloitte organization"). DTTL (also referred to as "Deloitte Global") and each of its member firms and related entities are legally separate and independent entities, which cannot obligate or bind each other in respect of third parties. DTTL and each DTTL member firm and related entity is liable only for its own acts and omissions, and not those of each other. DTTL does not provide services to clients. Please see www.deloitte.com/about to learn more.

Deloitte provides industry-leading audit and assurance, tax and legal, consulting, financial advisory, and risk advisory services to nearly 90% of the Fortune Global 500® and thousands of private companies. Our professionals deliver measurable and lasting results that help reinforce public trust in capital markets, enable clients to transform and thrive, and lead the way toward a stronger economy, a more equitable society and a sustainable world. Building on its 175-plus year history, Deloitte spans more than 150 countries and territories. Learn how Deloitte's more than 415,000 people worldwide make an impact that matters at www.deloitte.com.

This communication contains general information only, and none of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited ("DTTL"), its global network of member firms or their related entities (collectively, the "Deloitte organization") is, by means of this communication, rendering professional advice or services. Before making any decision or taking any action that may affect your finances or your business, you should consult a qualified professional adviser.

No representations, warranties or undertakings (express or implied) are given as to the accuracy or completeness of the information in this communication, and none of DTTL, its member firms, related entities, employees or agents shall be liable or responsible for any loss or damage whatsoever arising directly or indirectly in connection with any person relying on this communication. DTTL and each of its member firms, and their related entities, are legally separate and independent entities.