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# **Singapore Business Tax Developments** IRAS clarifies tax treatment of service companies

Greetings from your tax team at Deloitte Singapore. We are pleased to update you on the following Singapore tax developments:

## Singapore Business Tax Developments: IRAS clarifies tax treatment of service companies

The Inland Revenue Authority of Singapore ("IRAS") has provided clarification on the application of the 'cost-plus mark-up' basis ("CM basis") of taxation for service companies following a dialogue session with the Singapore Institute of Accredited Tax Professionals.

In the context of the CM basis of taxation, a 'service company' refers to a company that provides services only to related companies. The nature of services that a service company may provide includes management services, technical support services, procurement, administrative support services and customer support services.

From the perspective of the IRAS, service companies are typically cost centres that are reimbursed by their related parties either at cost or cost plus a certain margin. As their expenses are, in general, operating expenses of a revenue nature (e.g. overheads and staff costs), and such service company in general do not undertake risks nor own significant assets including Intellectual Property Rights, no major adjustments are expected to be made to the tax computation of a

service company. This being the case, the IRAS is prepared to allow the chargeable income of a service company to be computed based on the mark-up on the total expenditure incurred by the service company (as per the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards) without any further tax adjustments. This is known as the CM basis of taxation and is an administrative practice of the IRAS. Where services are provided at cost or at non-arm's length prices to related companies, the IRAS would impute a profit on the transaction so as to reflect the market price that would be charged if the transaction was conducted on an arm's length basis.

The IRAS does not allow service companies adopting the CM basis to make the following claims:

- Double or further tax deductions on specified expenditure
- Enhanced deductions and cash payout under the Productivity and Innovation Credit ("PIC") scheme
- Capital allowances, losses and donations
- Foreign tax credits

The IRAS has announced that the CM basis has not been consistently applied and has clarified that, with effect from YA 2019, the CM basis of taxation will only be applicable to service companies providing routine support services. Routine support services are those listed in Annex C of the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the IRAS e-tax guide on Transfer Pricing Guidelines and are rendered only to related parties. Examples of routine services include accounting and auditing, database administration, legal and payroll services. The chargeable income of service companies will be computed based on 5% mark-up on total expenditure without further tax adjustments.

#### **Our observations**

The CM basis of taxation helps to reduce tax compliance costs and provides certainty on the quantum of assessable income of, amongst others, taxpayers that operate cost centres in Singapore. Nevertheless, the CM basis is an administrative practice of the IRAS and is not provided for by law. As such, there is arguably some uncertainty over both the scope and application of the CM basis.

For example, a multinational company may set up a processing centre in Singapore to provide IT and other back-office support services to related companies in the region. Such a processing centre may be remunerated on a cost-plus basis and would employ a sizeable number of employees and incur material capital expenditure on computer hardware and software. Presently, there is some ambiguity over whether such a company would be required to adopt the CM basis of taxation or if the CM basis is optional and the company may elect to be regarded as carrying on a trade or business of providing services and submit a 'normal trading company' tax computation. Going forward, companies that perform only routine services for related companies but

wish to make tax adjustments and tax claims (such as foreign tax credits) should be able to prepare their income tax returns and computation on a 'normal trading company' basis.

In addition, transitional measures would need to be put in place for companies that are currently on the CM basis but provide services that are not within the scope of routine support services. These companies would not be eligible for the CM basis of taxation with effect from YA 2019. There may be issues surrounding, amongst others, the tax base for claiming tax depreciation on plant and machinery purchased in prior assessment years (where capital allowances would not have been claimed previously) but are still in use.

Additional details on the CM basis will be provided by IRAS in the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter of 2017.

We hope that you find this newsletter useful and we welcome your feedback.

#### **Contacts**

For more information on any of these issues, or any other Business Tax matters, please contact **Low Hwee Chua**, or your usual Business Tax Services contact in Deloitte.

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