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## **Accessible Transport**

Driving increased patronage and economic participation



## Benefits beyond compliance

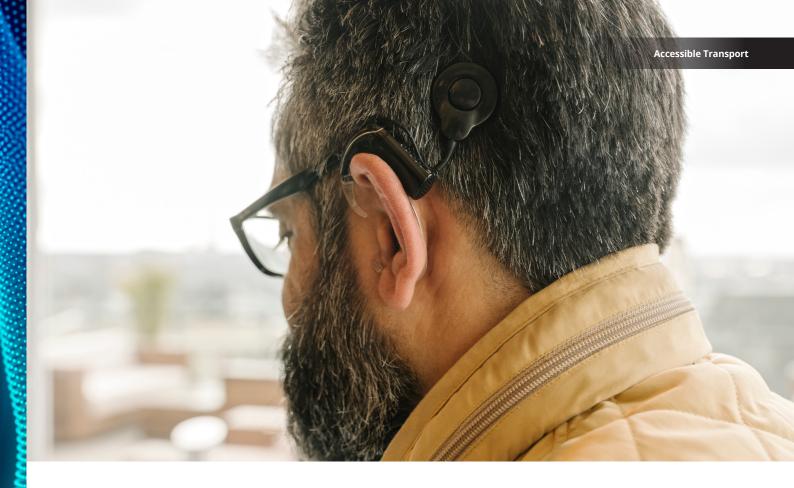
Our point of view is that accessibility is not just about compliance, or managing risk, but delivering a service to the members of our community who often need it most, while driving significant growth in patronage, and increasing economic participation.

Over 4.4 million Australians identify as having a disability, and most people will experience some form of disability during their life.¹ With our current transport network nationally, one in six people aged 15 years and over with a disability have expressed difficulty using public transport,² identifying the lack of transport accessibility as one of the barriers to their participation in the economy. Expanding this further, lack of transport connectivity has a disproportionate social and economic impact in rural communities.

By removing barriers to accessible transport, patronage will increase – the lack of consistent accessibility across today's network currently acts as an inhibitor for individuals, and removes their ability to participate within the network – if we reduce the inhibiting barriers for these individuals, this enables a larger portion of the population to engage with the network. The social benefit of this is estimated to be more than double the cost of implementation, even if only a subset of potential DSAPT accessibility reform is considered.

Despite this benefit, nationally, minimal uplift in the accessibility of Australia's network has been observed since the introduction of the 2002 reforms. The upfront investment required, coupled with the disperse geographical nature of the network, and competing government priorities continue to be barriers to change.





# What are the anticipated flow on benefits of accessible transport?

#### Increased patronage numbers...

Public Transport providers Australia wide are seeking to increase patronage numbers and reduce the cost per journey. Accessibility can be a key driver for this growth, with more accessible networks encouraging greater network participation for all. Global railways have seen significant patronage growth by focusing on this opportunity, leveraging new technologies to tackle initial barriers to areas such as customer information. From a broader benefits perspective, this also results in less emissions, and reduced congestion.

#### Improved economic participation....

Accessible public transport provides greater connectivity to areas with employment opportunities, healthcare services and commercial centres. This particularly benefits individuals residing in suburbs or rural areas who may otherwise face challenges commuting to work. Assistance in transport is the number one requirement expressed by people with a disability – an accessible network would remove this need for many, and support individuals with disabilities or limited mobility to commute independently across multiple transport modes. From this, we can harness the talents of a wider pool of individuals, leading to increased innovation and economic contribution within the community.

#### ...and enhanced tourism opportunities.

An accessible transport network is becoming increasingly important to tourist and visitors. It can unlock a city as a possible tourist location, and provide ease of access to key attractions. Globally, we have seen a significant uplift in accessibility in the lead up to major events. The Brisbane 2032 Olympic and Paralympic games aim to leave a legacy of "A more equal and accessible games". The transport network is a key enabler of this, particularly given the dispersed nature of the Games, which will be delivered across Southeast Queensland.

The International Paralympic Committee Accessibility Guide (IPC) establishes global standards which will need to be adhered to by Game organisers – creation of an accessible transport network in Queensland will be fundamental to enabling seamless mobility for athletes, officials, and spectators, supporting inclusive participation, and contributing to the overall reputation of Brisbane and Australia as it hosts the Games.

With the global spotlight on South East Queensland through this event, this provides a unique opportunity which should not be missed, to encourage investment from transport agencies and governments alike.



#### The key to success

## With the benefits apparent, how can Australia be successful in creating an accessible public transport network?

While the case for change is clear, the answer is far from simple – to be successful in delivering an accessible transport network, it is critical to view accessibility through a strategic lens. Accessibility needs to be considered across the whole customer journey, assessing the different accessibility challenges faced at each stage of the journey. The current transport network has pockets which meet accessibility requirements; however, benefits will not be realised unless passengers are able to complete a full journey (planning through to destination), inclusive of multi-mode and disrupted journeys.

We believe policymakers and transport authorities can enhance the inclusivity and accessibility of Australia's public transport network by employing the following four step methodology to prioritise interventions effectively:

### **Step 1: Identifying Obstacles Throughout the Customer Journey**

By understanding the pain points at each stage of the customer journey, you can remove the barriers to travel. Challenges such as the lack of accessible journey planning tools, absent audible announcements, and inadequate real-time updates are significant impediments to accessibility.

#### **Step 2: Consolidating into Initiative Groups**

Many reform areas and obstacles have commonalities, which will enable consolidation of initiatives into coherent groups. By aggregating challenges and identifying underlying patterns, policymakers and transport authorities can take a more holistic and practical consideration of where to invest to resolve accessibility issues.

#### Customer Journey Mapping

This journey map illustrates an example of customer point paints and journey blockers, and areas for reform. For customers to complete their journey, each journey blocker needs to be removed for their accessibility challenge.

Customer pain points and journey blockers

Poor footpaths, limited lift access and inadequate signage can hinder access to public transport for customers with mobility aids.

Journey planning apps should include lift and escalator locations at interchanges with real time outages shared on platforms.

#### **Pre-journey Planning**

#### Arrive at station/stop/wharf

Customers lack comprehensive accessibility information when planning their journey including live updates on disruptions to accessibility options.

Areas of reform

Enhance journey planning platforms with:

- accessible communication templates and guidelines
- real-time information and support from staff
- integrate accessibility requirements including lift information, footpath quality and accessible parking availability.

Customers face transport challenges including platform changes, long wait times, lack of shade and lack of consistent support for customers needing ramps

of other assistance when

boarding.

Design stations and stops for consistency across all vehicles and vessels to encourage independent embarking and disembarking. Prioritise design for reliability and safety, including the enhancements of amenities such as water bubblers and secure seating.

#### **Embark on travel**

#### Board train/bus/ferry/light rail

There is a lack of sufficient audio or visual announcements on route, particularly to communicate changes in stopping patterns.

Ensuring announcements are made in both audio and visual forms for platform/stop changes.

Transport interchanges affect wayfinding. Stations, stops and wharves are inconsistently designed, failing to meet disability standards.

Standardised design for interchanges with multiple wayfinding options including increased number of grabrails, accessible communication centres at lar ge interchanges, and announcements in audio and visual forms of platform/stop changes.

#### Disembark train/bus/ferry/light rail

taxi rank

Inconsistent taxi rank locations from transportation at night can be challenging.

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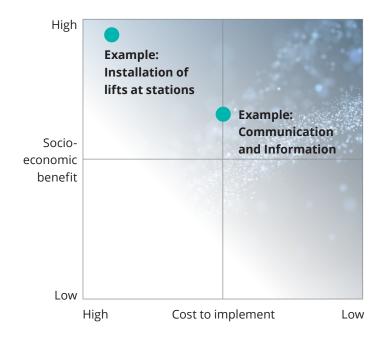
Accessible taxi ranks near stops and stations with curbside accessibility for wheelchairs.

#### Step 3: Evaluating Initiatives by Cost-Benefit Analysis

Once the obstacles have been consolidating into initiative groups, they can be evaluated to understand their relative cost and benefit. In this context, costs considers the investment and operating costs associated with rectifying the accessibility challenges contained within each grouping. The benefit considers both the number of people who will benefit from the proposed initiative, and the scale of the benefit they will see. This ranges from hinderances that make the journey more challenging, to barriers that prevent the journey from being undertaken.

Given the scale of the ask, considering the obstacles through this lens can help prioritise which reform areas should be prioritised for investment.

Prioritisation of key initiatives to uplift the accessibility of Australia's public transport network



#### **Step 4: Reviewing Assessed Initiatives Against Additional Considerations**

These initiatives do not exist in isolation, and so it is important to review them with consideration of the broader context. This includes alignment with the broader strategy, integration with the impact and requirements of different business units (such as workforce implications), and how this can tie into the existing roadmap of asset and infrastructure renewals and upgrades. Initiatives that align with existing objectives and delivery plans will leverage existing resources and investment allocation, reducing the overall cost of implementing the reforms. For instance, any upgrades to real time communication and information should consider the capabilities of the existing technology within the organisation, and the pipeline for changes to elements such as websites, apps and other communication platforms.

The adoption of a strategic approach to accessibility, underpinned by integrated planning and meticulous evaluation, not only supports compliance but holds the promise of unlocking journeys, driving significant growth in patronage, increasing economic participation, and supporting future opportunities. By maximising socio-economic benefits while delivering initiatives in a cost-effective manner, policymakers and transport authorities can realise the vision of an inclusive and accessible public transport network for all stakeholders.



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#### **Endnotes**

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