



The Shift to Cloud Auditing – Utilizing AWS and Deloitte Solutions for Effective and Efficient Continuous Monitoring.

Contents

Ŷ	Adapting to Cloud Dynamics: Reshaping Businesses, Auditing, and Governance	1
^Q	Introducing AWS Audit Manager	2
6	The Challenge—Deciphering Complex Data Formats for Human Interpretation	3
***	The Challenge—Aggregating Data Sources into a Single Output Point	4
Ø	The Challenge—Trusting API Call completeness and accuracy in Cloud Auditing	5
0	The Solution— Elevating Cloud Compliance Monitoring through AWS Audit Manager and Deloitte Nexus	6
ন্দ্রি	Adapting to Evolving Technology with Audit Manager and Deloitte Nexus	8

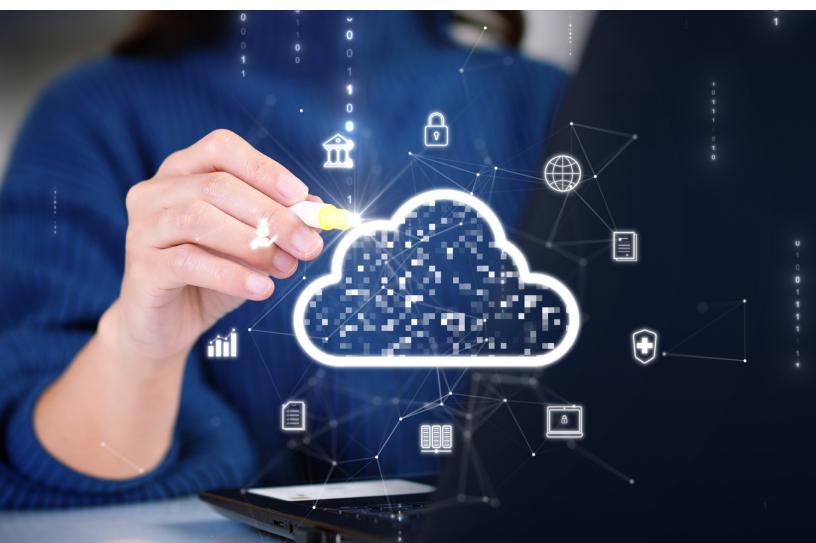


Adapting to Cloud Dynamics: Reshaping Businesses, Auditing, and Governance

Cloud computing has caused substantial changes in how modern businesses operate. Coined in the late 1990s, "cloud computing" has seen significant technological advancements that align with evolving business needs. Over the past decade, companies have gradually transitioned to cloud-based systems by virtue of these technological advancements. Recent disruptive events, such as the global pandemic, have accelerated the adoption of cloud computing by enterprises, resulting in a noticeable shift in the business landscape.

The range of data outputs that can be generated from the cloud necessitates innovative approaches to data collection, interpretation, and assessment that effectively facilitate the audit process. Transitioning to the cloud entails a broad transformation of traditional application architecture, encompassing the processes of reimagining, rearchitecting, and refactoring. Moreover, it unlocks and automates a range of capabilities across the technology stack, through concepts such as Infrastructure as Code, monolithic application migration into discrete microservices, and container orchestration. Each introduce a cascade of service configurations, log files, Application Program Interfaces ("API") outputs, and other data streams available for consumption. While these developments enhance operational efficiency, they also present new challenges for auditors. In turn, auditors must rise to the occasion, acquiring new tools and skills to navigate the intricacies of cloud-based audits effectively.

Fortunately, cloud service providers, such as Amazon Web Services's (AWS) Audit Manager ("AWS AM"), are aware of these changing requirements and are actively developing services to help organizations assess and mitigate risks related to cloud operations and governance. While these type of services provide control frameworks and evidence collection capabilities "out of the box", they also provide the flexibility to address consumers unique customized individual requirements that can be consumed, tailored, and digested into tailored customized solutions.



Introducing AWS Audit Manager

AWS Audit Manager helps users assess internal risk and demonstrate compliance with regulations and industry standards. It enables users to continually audit their AWS usage, automate evidence collection, and build auditready reports with significantly less manual effort and demand from cloud engineers.

AWS Audit Manager offers prebuilt frameworks with controls that are mapped to common industry standards and regulations, as well as the ability to customize frameworks and controls to meet specific audit requirements. It automates evidence collection to make it easier to assess whether policies, procedures, and activities (controls) are operating effectively.

At every phase of the auditing process, the utilization of Audit Manager can overall enhance efficiency and mitigate uncertainty. From the onset of an audit, Audit Manager serves as a valuable asset, offering a broad list of applicable AWS resources and services to facilitate this process. The inherent frameworks within Audit Manager are adaptable to accommodate an organization's specific requirements, permitting the delegation of ownership to designated individuals. This streamlined approach optimizes the tracking of activity histories associated with each piece of evidence —clarifying ownership, access permissions, and historical modifications. Additionally, Audit Manager's cryptographic verification capabilities provide an added layer of security, minimizing the potential for evidence tampering.

Auditors frequently encounter evidence presented in various formats, posing challenges in data review. Audit Manager addresses this by converting evidence into comprehensible formats for auditors. Configurable to specific needs, the service facilitates the accumulation of auditable evidence, enabling organizations to assess control alignment across different standards and regulations. These controls encompass activities, processes, and configured settings within the cloud environment. Consequently, a prominent advantage of the service is the notable reduction in time and resources required for the aggregation and analysis of auditable data.

The primary objective of data collection revolves around preserving the integrity of the evidence. The information is constructed into a standardized AWS Audit Manager format and it is categorized based on the corresponding internal control to which it pertains. Each pre-defined assessment contains a repository of automatically organized evidence, effectively diminishing the time and effort spent on manual aggregation.

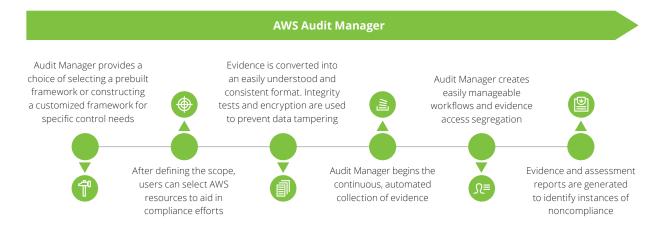


Figure 1 - AWS Audit Manager Report Generation Process

The Challenge—Deciphering Complex Data Formats for Human Interpretation

Cloud auditing often yields outputs in the form of lengthy text files, predominantly JavaScript Object Notation ("JSON") and Yet Another Multicolumn Layout ("YAML") formats, which may not be familiar to most auditors. JSON and YAML files hold a pivotal position within cloud computing. They facilitate seamless data exchange between cloud services, applications, and users. APIs rely on JSON and YAML for effective communication during the exchange of requests and responses.

For an effective audit, precise and efficient data analysis is required. However, the complexity of JSON an YAML files, coupled with the sheer size of this data, can present challenges in the auditor's understanding. Inaccuracies in data analysis, leading to potentially erroneous conclusions, can result from a lack of proficiency in processing these intricate files.

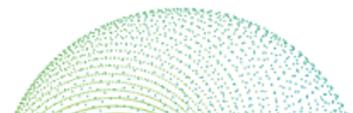
The interpretation of data output often demands extensive manual tracing, causing audit progress to slow. This scenario is exacerbated by nested structures commonly employed within these files, introducing challenges in comprehending the hierarchical relationships between data elements. Moreover, JSON and YAML formats are predominantly text-based, lacking visual aids, like tables or graphs, which could aid auditors in deriving essential insights and conclusions for the audits.

These formats frequently serve as configuration files, outlining the specifications for systems or applications, necessitating the inclusion of a wide array of parameters. Their content is notably detailed, capturing exhaustive information about numerous properties and attributes associated with each component. JSON or YAML files also can incorporate metadata—information that describes other data. The cumulative effect of these elements culminates into larger outputs and lengthier text files, a characteristic feature of these formats.

Consider an instance where an auditor aims to assess a company's data encryption and security controls. In the past, it was a request that turned into a meeting so the auditor can have the cloud engineering take screenshots on a random selection of AWS accounts and resources. Today, it can be automatically collected without the need for a meeting.

JSON and YAML files help create pertinent insights into the company's operational practices. Today, with proper assessment of the data within these files, auditors can evaluate the effectiveness of controls to corroborate effective data encryption and security measures.

However, this endeavor does not come without its challenges. Auditors may struggle with deciphering inconsistent formats and conventions present within each file, a task that can be intricate and time-consuming. The complexity of data flow further compounds this challenge, demanding a meticulous tracing of the pathways the data traverses. Furthermore, auditors must cultivate a comprehension of these file formats to analyze whether the information they contain is both accurate and of requisite quality. This depth of understanding is pivotal in forming a valid and informed opinion on the efficacy of the company's controls.



The Challenge—Aggregating Data Sources into a Single Output Point

A notable challenge within the realm of cloud auditing pertains to the aggregation of data originating from diverse sources, followed by manual analysis and consolidation. This approach may result in inefficiencies and reduced precision throughout the audit process. Such challenges are commonplace due to the varied origins of data in cloud auditing, which include API logs, network logs, and system logs, each characterized by distinct structures and formats.

To achieve success in an audit, the auditors must possess a clear grasp of the specific data they seek to acquire and the intended analytical tasks. Control testing processes may significantly differ, often necessitating tailored reports and outputs. This variance in data sources often complicates the task of aggregating information from multiple origins. For instance, JSON and Comma-Separated Values ("CSV") files both offer structured data to auditors, yet JSON employs objects and arrays more extensively, whereas CSV files use rows and columns. While intricate, this process is pivotal in comprehending both the cloud environment and the audited client's operational landscape.

An auditor may need to undertake various steps, which could involve standardizing diverse data formats into a unified schema. The creation of custom code programs might also be necessary for consolidating the data. Technological tools like Extract, Transform, Load ("ETL") mechanisms to a relational database system utilizing Structured Query Language ("SQL") can ease the burden. However, it remains a challenging and timeintensive undertaking for auditors. There are instances where manual review by subject matter specialists becomes indispensable for precise data interpretation, further elongating the process.

Additionally, a notable challenge emerges from handling the substantial volumes of data generated within a cloud environment. This task, particularly when executed manually, can lead to inefficiencies, consuming an auditor's time while diminishing the overall value of the process for the organization.



The Challenge—Trusting API Call completeness and accuracy in Cloud Auditing

In cloud auditing, establishing confidence in the accuracy and completeness of API calls poses a significant challenge for auditors. API calls, integral to cloud service access and control, offer insights into organizational activities and anomalies, aiding the risk assessment. Determining the appropriate configuration of authentication and authorization mechanisms is essential to uphold the security and integrity of API calls. APIs play a pivotal role in enhancing efficiency and task automation within cloud auditing. They are often employed for data acquisition, analysis, and assessing the cloud environment. The meticulous setup of authentication and authorization mechanisms guarantees that only authorized personnel access and edit sensitive data.

Navigating the volume of API calls encountered is a common hurdle for auditors. Cloud environments generate a considerable influx of real-time API calls, demanding constant updates to documentation. With each API tailored to a specific function, a lack of

contextual awareness can lead to misinterpretations or data confusion. Consolidating API data from diverse, and often complex, sources into a uniform format is timeconsuming and challenging. Filtering relevant API calls amidst noise can make it more difficult.

For instance, within the accounts payable domain, cloud auditing utilizes APIs to swiftly ingest payment, vendor, and transaction history data, streamlining the auditing process compared to manual methods. However, the reliance on APIs introduces a new vulnerability; inaccurate or false API data that may lead auditors to draw erroneous conclusions with material impact on the audit.

Trust in API call quality is subject to several factors. Limited visibility between the auditor and cloud service providers could hinder a broad environment overview. Incomplete, delayed, or unavailable API calls, coupled with disparate formats resulting from various cloud service providers, necessitate time-consuming standardization processes for thorough analysis.



The Solution— Elevating Cloud Compliance Monitoring through AWS Audit Manager and Deloitte Nexus

In the pursuit of cutting-edge solutions, AWS Audit Manager emerges as a pivotal tool, unlocking new realms of potential for enterprises. As stated before, Audit Manager's capability to autonomously generate reliable and aggregated evidence is noteworthy. Building upon this foundation, Deloitte has introduced an advanced solution, Deloitte Nexus—an innovative digital tool to transform big data. This sophisticated offering converges AWS Audit Manager JSON or YAML files containing AWS encrypted data with additional data sources, encompassing ticketing systems, vendor services, and internal security blueprints. The result is a unified perspective that establishes quick and detailed insights into a company's risk, audit, and compliance landscape.



CAPABILITIES	ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVE & SCOPE	ASSESSMENT INITIATION	EVIDENCE COLLECTION	CONTROL ANALYSIS	ASSESSMENT REPORTING
Audit Manager Capabilities	 Provide a list of AWS resources and services that can be selected for the assessment 	 Provide pre-built assessment frameworks Ability to customize frameworks or add custom controls for the assessment Ability to delegate or assign control ownership to individuals 	 Supports automated collection of evidence daily Preserve integrity of gathered evidence Capture evidence metadata including source, timestamp, and status 	 Convert collected evidence into a consistent auditor friendly report Assist in evidence assertion on some controls (Manual review of evidence for control assertion may be required) 	 Reports can be generated and accessed by relevant teams/personnel
How can Nexus help?	 Develop a customized cloud control framework Scope AWS accounts, services, and resources using a risk-based approach Include external technology elements (outside AWS) within the scope of testing 	 Configure Audit Manager based on the audit program Conduct test runs validate cost expectations Establish a continuous auditing and compliance program 	 Review a sample of evidence to validate completeness and accuracy Operate a continuous auditing and compliance program Aggregate data from different external sources (outside AWS) for analysis 	 Conduct control testing for controls not evaluated by Audit Manager Generate Al Logic to determine compliance with selected scope 	 Real-time and continuous feedback on compliance excellence Visualize metrics and trends (AI capability) Provide custom reporting Dashboards that suit the needs of stakeholders Perform trend analysis to determine improvement areas

Figure 2 - Deloitte's Nexus Integration with AWS Audit Manager

Deloitte Nexus is a sophisticated backend architecture that facilitates seamless data configuration and mapping. By categorizing data into distinct risk domains, Deloitte Nexus monitors assessment progress aligned with specified frameworks, and correlates exceptions for continuous tracking until resolution is achieved.

For auditors, the user experience is streamlined through the Deloitte Nexus landing page. Upon login, auditors are greeted with instantaneous access to a tailored view of audit progress per framework, accompanied by a broad mapping of associated risks and controls. The program's capacity to retain assessment data empowers auditors to discern evolving risk trends and proactively address pending concerns. The trend analysis feature captures the entire audit timeline, strategically highlighting changes to critical resources.

The Deloitte Nexus dashboard is inherently adaptable. The dashboard can be customized to reflect various perspectives, such as by framework, audit program, business area, risk pillar, or other pertinent criteria, in alignment with the end users' needs. The platform's intuitive interface facilitates the creation of tickets for flagged non-compliant evidence, enabling seamless tracking and resolution within a unified platform. Ultimately, Deloitte Nexus establishes a centralized hub for continuous risk, compliance, control, and remediation monitoring.

In today's landscape, marked by the paradigm shift towards cloud migration, data has become more extensive, complex, and dynamic. Utilizing the AWS Audit Manager service for data aggregation alongside Deloitte Nexus can address this challenge efficiently and effectively. The strategic amalgamation of voluminous data into coherent and simplified exception outputs empowers both Internal and External Auditors to exercise broad oversight over the perpetually evolving operational landscape.



Adapting to Evolving Technology with Audit Manager and Deloitte Nexus

The challenges encountered by auditors today reflect the ongoing evolution of technology. As the cloud takes a central role in the IT landscape of organizations, auditors are grappling with the intricacies of evidence collection within the realm of cloud computing. Present-day challenges revolve around data readability, aggregation of data sources, and changing approaches to evaluating completeness and accuracy. Direct outputs from sources often present as extensive ISON or YAML text files. Interpreting such outputs requires familiarity with the formatting, as well as considerable time to decode these large files. Furthermore, aggregating data sources becomes intricate in complex environments where numerous resources, accounts, and AWS Organizations coexist, demanding manual analysis and consolidation to depict an accurate narrative.

Traditional completeness and accuracy checks are undergoing transformation. The era of relying on screenshots and small automated configuration samples is fading. In the cloud, data collection occurs through API calls, demanding auditors to navigate the complexity of trusting the completeness and accuracy of these calls, which goes beyond traditional screenshot reliance. Achieving this entails understanding the correct configuration API calls, inclusive of authentication, authorization, and change management.

However, solutions are emerging alongside shifts in auditor methodologies, leveraging native-AWS tools such as Audit Manager in conjunction with Deloitte-developed solutions such as Nexus. In cloud auditing, the perspective on evidence collection is evolving from the concept of population and sample selection, a popular approach in onpremise environments. The ephemeral nature of AWS, with dynamically changing resources, renders achieving a complete population challenging. Consequently, the focus is transitioning towards relying on exception outputs from the data. This removes the need for screenshots. Auditors increasingly depend on continuous refined data from tools to discern exceptions meeting framework requirements.

AWS's development of the AWS Audit Manager service has invoked this transformation. It comes equipped with pre-defined industry frameworks (e.g., CIS Benchmarks, ISO 270001, NIST-800) and offers customization options to align with organizational requirements. Postframework setup, the tool autonomously collects evidence and compiles it into an assessment report. This report allows auditors to discern compliant and noncompliant resources within the cloud environment, marking a step toward addressing the challenges in cloud evidence collection.

This shift in approach fundamentally alters the basis of auditor reliance on evidence. Instead of relying solely on screenshots, auditors can scrutinize control configurations through a range of mechanisms (e.g., AWS AM predefined managed rules, custom Config rules via Lambda functions or Guard rules, Security Hub controls, etc.). This transition allows for significant efficiency in scaling the scope of data covered during attestations across the organization's control landscape, while allowing the auditor to more effectively target risk and exposure. The combination of AWS Audit Manager and Deloitte's Nexus Integration platform provides a tailored solution that meets your organization's needs.

Authors



Charlie Willis Deloitte & Touche LLP Managing Director, Digital Controls

chwillis@deloitte.com



Shar Qureshi

Deloitte & Touche LLP Senior Manager, Accounting and Internal Controls

shqureshi@deloitte.com



Elaine Li Deloitte & Touche LLP Manager, Cyber Risk Services elaineli2@deloitte.com



Gil Lubkin Deloitte & Touche LLP Manager, Accounting and Internal Controls glubkin@deloitte.com



Cindy Yu

Deloitte & Touche LLP Analyst, Accounting and Internal Controls <u>cinyu@deloitte.com</u>

Special Thanks To

Kajal Deepak

General Manager, AWS Audit Manager kajald@amazon.com

John Fischer

Senior Consultant, AWS Audit Manager jofisc@amazon.com

Deloitte.

This document contains general information only and Deloitte is not, by means of this document, rendering accounting, business, financial, investment, legal, tax, or other professional advice or services. This document is not a substitute for such professional advice or services, nor should it be used as a basis for any decision or action that may affect your business. Before making any decision or taking any action that may affect your business, you should consult a qualified professional advisor.

Deloitte shall not be responsible for any loss sustained by any person who relies on this document.

All product names mentioned in this document are the trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners and are mentioned for identification purposes only. Deloitte & Touche LLP is not responsible for the functionality or technology related to the Vendor or other systems or technologies as defined in this document.

As used in this document, "Deloitte" means Deloitte & Touche LLP, a subsidiary of Deloitte LLP. Please see <u>www.deloitte.com/us/about</u> for a detailed description of our legal structure. Certain services may not be available to attest clients under the rules and regulations of public accounting.