Deloitte.

Deloitte Tax Alert April 2014



VAT refund

1) VAT refund to foreign taxpayers

Since the 2012 changes and amendments to the Value Added Tax Law (hereinafter: VAT Law) came into force on January 1, 2013 the VAT refund was made available to foreign taxpayers. Thus, we hereby inform you that the deadline for submitting the refund claim is June 30, 2014 for supplies made in 2013.

Namely, the VAT Law defines that the refund will be made only for the supply of movable goods and services in Serbia under the condition that:

- the invoice with stated VAT is paid and the VAT amount must be higher than 200 FUR
- the right to deduct input VAT can be realized, and
- the foreign taxpayer does not perform supplies in Serbia.

The last restriction, that the foreign taxpayer does not perform taxable supplies in Serbia, is not applied if the foreign entity only provides services related to the importation of goods (including free zones), directly related to export, transit or temporary importation of goods, or performs the transport of passengers that is subjected to taxation in line with Article 49 para 7 of the VAT Law.

Apart from the abovementioned, it is necessary that reciprocity exists in this respect between Serbia and the resident state of the taxpayer submitting a VAT refund claim.

Currently, reciprocity is established with the following countries: Netherlands, Slovakia, Croatia (partially – only for fairs), Denmark, Austria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Belgium, Montenegro, Macedonia, Slovenia (partially – only for fairs from February 1, 2012; full scale reciprocity is established as of October 1, 2013), Germany (from July 1, 2013), Great Britain (from January 1, 2013). In other words, taxpayers from said jurisdictions can realize the right to refund VAT paid in Serbia.

We are using this opportunity to inform you that Deloitte is able to assist you with the preparation and submission of VAT refund claims, i.e. to help your partners and related entities to refund VAT paid in Serbia, especially due to the fact that practice on this basis has yet to be formed in Serbia.

1) Refund of VAT paid abroad

Since **a** large number of countries worldwide allow the refund of VAT to foreign taxpayers, Deloitte has, on a global level, created a centralized system for providing assistance with VAT recovery.

Accordingly, Deloitte Serbia is able to assist you with the VAT refund procedure from some EU member states and other countries that allow the refund of VAT to be made to Serbian companies, and via the abovementioned centralized system.

Ministry of Finance Rulings

The Ministry of Finance has issued several new Rulings that further explain the application of Corporate Income Tax Law and Property Tax Law provisions.

The most recent Ministry of Finance Rulings are:

Application of transfer pricing rules regardless of whether the taxpayer uses the
right to deduct tax on any grounds – The taxpayer is required to submit the
transfer pricing documentation along with the tax balance, regardless of the fact
that it does not use incentives prescribed by tax laws, i.e. incentives based on other
state benefits.

(Ruling of the Ministry of Finance, no. 430-00-00031/2014-04 issued on March 18, 2014)

• Recognition of taxpayer's expenses for medicine advertising as marketing expenses – Expenses that the taxpayer, producer and distributor of drugs, states in its business books based on medicine advertising are considered as the taxpayer's marketing expenses.

(Ruling of the Ministry of Finance, no. 413-00-68/2013-04(II) issued on March 18, 2014)

 Tax balance recognition of interest expenses and foreign currency exchange currency losses from loans taken in order to perform business activities – When the taxpayer states in its business books interest expenses and foreign currency exchange losses from loans taken, including the purchase of shares in companies for the purposes of performing the existing activity, or for starting a new activity, this type of expense is recognized in the taxpayer's tax balance.

(Ruling of the Ministry of Finance, no. 413-00-84/2013-04(II) issued on March 26, 2014)

• Displaying transactions between related entities at arm's length – A resident taxpayer that sells its products exclusively to a related entity is obliged to separately state, in the tax balance, transactions with the related entity at transfer prices. Further, it should also distinctly state, within documentation submitted along with

the tax balance, the value of same transactions under market prices that would be realized for same or similar transactions to unrelated entities.

(Ruling of the Ministry of Finance, no. 430-00-423/2013-04 issued on April 7, 2014)

 Assessing property tax in certain borderline cases – There is no basis to qualify for exemption for real estate purchased in years 2008 and 2009, intended for renovation and selling, recorded in business books as fixed assets held for sale.

(Ruling of the Ministry of Finance, no. 430-00-00088/2014-04 issued on April 4, 2014)

Disclaimer

These materials and the information contained herein are provided by Deloitte Serbia and are intended to provide general information on a particular subject or subjects and are not an exhaustive treatment of such subject(s).

Accordingly, the information in these materials is not intended to constitute accounting, tax, legal, investment, consulting, or other professional advice or services. The information is not intended to be relied upon as the sole basis for any decision which may affect you or your business. Before making any decision or taking any action that might affect your personal finances or business, you should consult a qualified professional adviser. These materials and the information contained therein are provided as is, and Deloitte Serbia makes no express or implied representations or warranties regarding these materials or the information contained therein. Without limiting the foregoing, Deloitte Serbia does not warrant that the materials or information contained therein will be error-free or will meet any particular criteria of performance or quality. Deloitte Serbia expressly disclaims all implied warranties, including, without limitation, warranties of merchantability, title, fitness for a particular purpose, non-infringement, compatibility, security, and accuracy. Your use of these materials and information contained therein is at your own risk, and you assume full responsibility and risk of loss resulting from the use thereof. Deloitte Serbia will not be liable for any special, indirect, incidental, consequential, or punitive damages or any other damages whatsoever, whether in an action of contract, statute, tort (including, without limitation, negligence), or otherwise, relating to the use of these materials or the information contained therein. If any of the foregoing is not fully enforceable for any reason, the remainder shall nonetheless continue to apply.

Contacts

For more information, please contact our experts:

Srdjan Petrovic

Partner

Terazije no. 8 Tel: + 381 11 3812 222 spetrovic@deloittece.com

Dejan Mrakovic

Manager

Terazije no. 8 Tel: + 381 11 3812 172 dmrakovic@deloittece.com

Svetislav V. Kostic

Director

Terazije no. 8 Tel: + 381 11 3812 148 skostic@deloittece.com

Filip Kovacevic

Senior Consultant

Terazije no. 8 Tel: + 381 11 3812 164 fkovacevic@deloittece.com

Deloitte refers to one or more of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, a UK private company limited by guarantee and its network of member firms, each of which is a legally separate and independent entity. Please see www.deloitte.com/rs/about for a detailed description of the legal structure of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited and its member firms