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# **2024 Global Automotive Consumer Study**

Key Findings: FRANCE

January 2024

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# **Key findings**



### Is current EV momentum putting decarbonization timelines in jeopardy?

Although the trend away from traditional ICE technology continues, 4 in 10 consumers would still prefer to stick with it for their next vehicle. A variety of measures designed to make EVs more desirable continue to meet a strong challenge as people are still concerned with lingering issues such as cost, range anxiety, and charging time.

### A significant number of consumers may be thinking about switching vehicle brands

The top three reasons for intending to switch vehicle brands away from a manufacturer brand family include wanting to try something different, cost/affordability, and a desire to gain access to new technology/features.

### Interest in connectivity features may not fully translate into revenue and profit

There is a relatively high level of consumer interest in features that provide updates on vehicle maintenance, road safety, and traffic congestion. However, the willingness to pay extra for connected technologies remains low.

# Younger consumers are driving overall interest in vehicle subscriptions, but more education may be necessary to address lingering concerns

Against the backdrop of uncertain economic conditions causing concern for financial capacity, a significant number of younger consumers are at least somewhat interested in giving up vehicle ownership altogether in favour of a subscription model, but concerns about the perception of higher monthly fees persist.

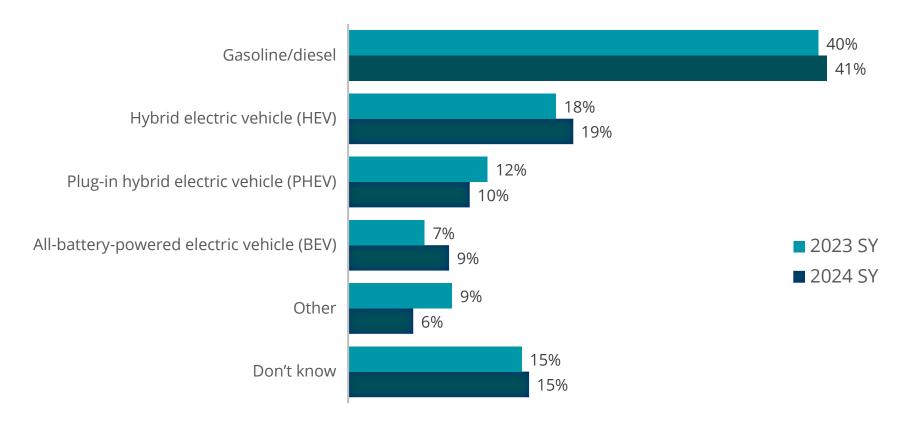


# Vehicle electrification



Gaining significant YoY momentum regarding consumer intent to move away from internal combustion engine (ICE) technology is proving to be a challenge as uncertain global economic conditions and lingering consumer concerns regarding electric vehicle (EV) adoption remain.

Preference for type of engine in next vehicle



Note: Other includes vehicles with engine types such as compressed natural gas, ethanol, and hydrogen fuel cells; don't know responses weren't considered; SY stands for Study Year.

Q32. What type of engine would you prefer in your next vehicle?

# The primary draw for EVs continues to center on a consumer perception that fuel costs will be significantly lower, outweighing the concern for climate change.

Reasons for choosing an EV for next vehicle



42%

Concern for the environment



31%

Driving experience



15%

Potential for extra taxes/levies applied to internal combustion vehicles

#1



**58%**Lower fuel cost



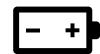
35%

Less maintenance



22%

Potential ban on sale of new internal combustion vehicles



10%

Ability to use the vehicle as a backup battery / power source



32%

Government incentives/subsidies/stimulus programs



19%

Concern about personal health



2%

Peer pressure

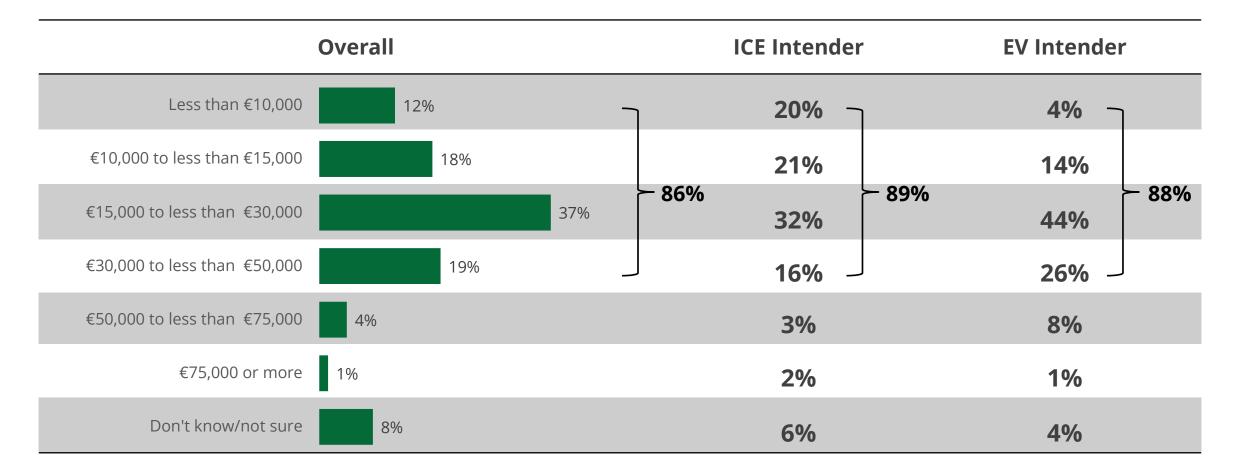
Q34. Which of the following factors have had the greatest impact on your decision to acquire an electrified vehicle? Please select all that apply.

Sample size: n= 324

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# Affordability remains a critical issue for the automotive industry as a majority of consumers still expect to pay less than €50K for their next vehicle.

Preferred price ranges for next vehicle

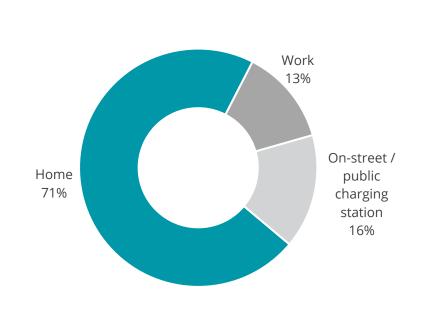


Q22. In which of the following price ranges will you be shopping for your next vehicle? (Please indicate what you would expect to pay after any discounts and/or incentives that might be available).

Sample size: [Overall] n= 849; [ICE intender] n= 347, [EV intender] n= 324

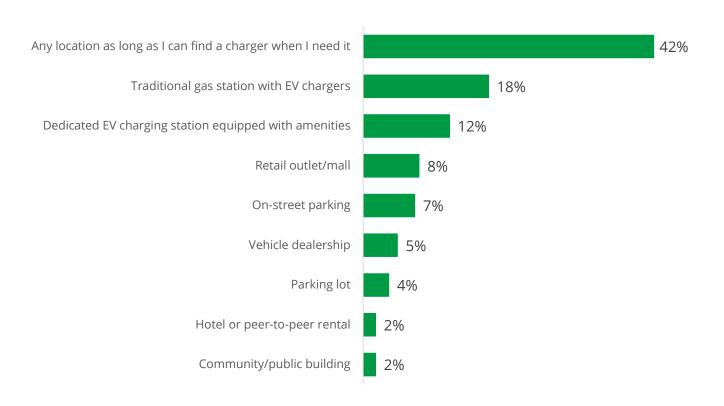
Most electric vehicle intenders plan to charge their vehicle at home, emphasizing the need to have home charging solutions (and financing options) available for consumers that may not have fully contemplated those extra costs.

Expecting to charge electrified vehicle most often at...



Sample size: n= 161 [Q35]; 161 [Q37]

### Preferred <u>public</u> charging location

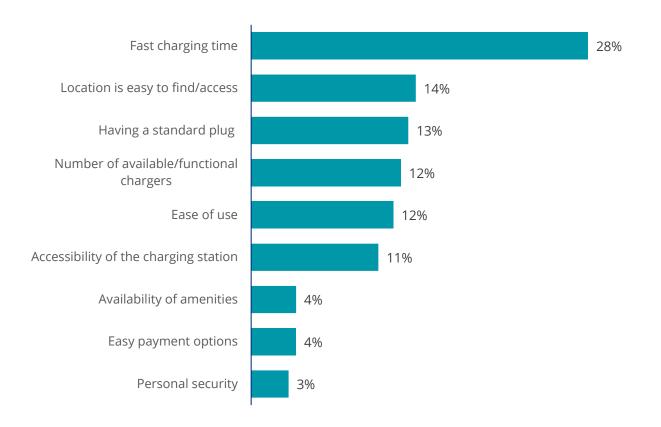


Q35: Where do you expect to charge your electrified vehicle most often?; Q37: Where would you most want to charge your EV when you are away from home (i.e., public charging location)?

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The most important aspect of a public EV charging experience is fast charging and a strong majority of consumers surveyed prefer to pay for charging via a traditional credit/debit card, signaling the need to simplify the experience using familiar payment methods.

Most important aspect of an electric vehicle (EV) charging experience



Most preferred way to pay for public EV charging

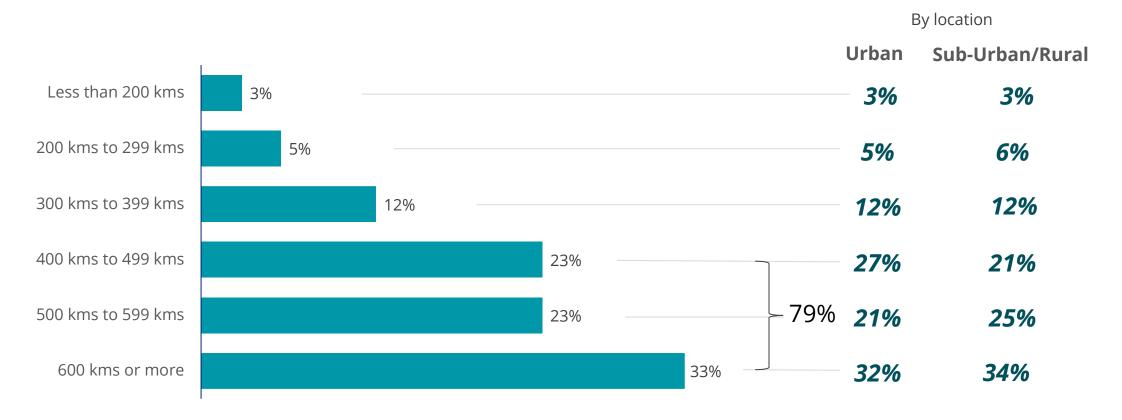
| Credit/debit card            | 55% |  |
|------------------------------|-----|--|
| Smartphone app               | 18% |  |
| Pre-paid subscription plan   | 16% |  |
| Loyalty points               | 6%  |  |
| Third-party payment platform | 4%  |  |
| Other                        | 0%  |  |

Q39: What is the most important aspect of an EV charging experience?; Q40: How would you most prefer to pay for public EV charging?

Sample size: n= 161 [Q39]; 161 [Q40]

## More than three-quarters of non-BEV intenders surveyed would expect a fully charged BEV to have a driving range of at least 400 kms to consider one as a viable option for their next vehicle.

Consumer expectations regarding BEV driving range



Note: Did not consider those intenders who said they would never consider acquiring a BEV irrespective of the driving range Q44: How far would a fully charged all-battery electric vehicle need to go in order for you to consider acquiring one? Sample size: n= 677 [Overall]; 281 [Urban], 396 [Sub-urban/Rural]

More than half of surveyed consumers cite cost as the biggest hurdle to BEV penetration, underlining the need to address elevated transaction prices. Top concerns also include issues related to charging - a key issue for mobility providers to solve going forward.

Greatest concern regarding all battery-powered electric vehicles

| Cost                                    |                                     | Charging                        |                                    | Range anxiety                 |                          | New technology                                     |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
|   |                                     |                                 |                                    | Driving range, 46%            |                          | Safety concerns<br>with battery<br>technology, 18% | Lack of<br>knowledge<br>about EVs/<br>EV<br>technology,<br>13% |
|   |                                     |                                 | Lack of public<br>electric vehicle |                               |                          | ESG comærns  | Resale value value   |
|   | Battery replacement                 | Time required to charge,<br>45% | charging<br>infrastructure, 31%    |                               |                          |  |  |
| Cost/price premium, 53%                 | cost, 39%                           |                                 |                                    |                               |                          |  |  |
|   | Potential for extra<br>taxes/levies |                                 | Lack of alternate                  |                               | Increased need           | End-to-end<br>sustainability ,<br>25%              | Uncertain<br>resale value,<br>17%                              |
| Ongoing charging and running costs, 28% |                                     | Lack of charger at home,<br>29% | power source at home, 19%          | Cold weather performance, 25% | to plan my<br>trips, 21% | Lack of choice, 11%                                | ,  |

Note: Sum of the percentages exceed 100% as respondents can select multiple options; other values not shown

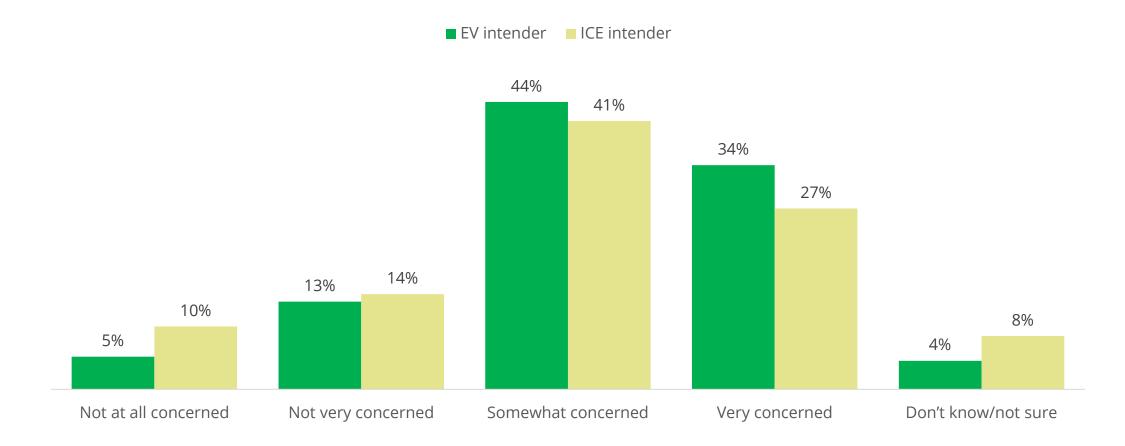
Sample size: n= 849

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Q43: What are your biggest concerns regarding all battery-powered electric vehicles? Please select all that apply.

# 78% of EV intenders are at least somewhat worried about the end-to-end environmental impact of an electric vehicle battery.

Percentage of consumers who are concerned about the end-to-end environmental impact of an EV battery (by future vehicle type intention)



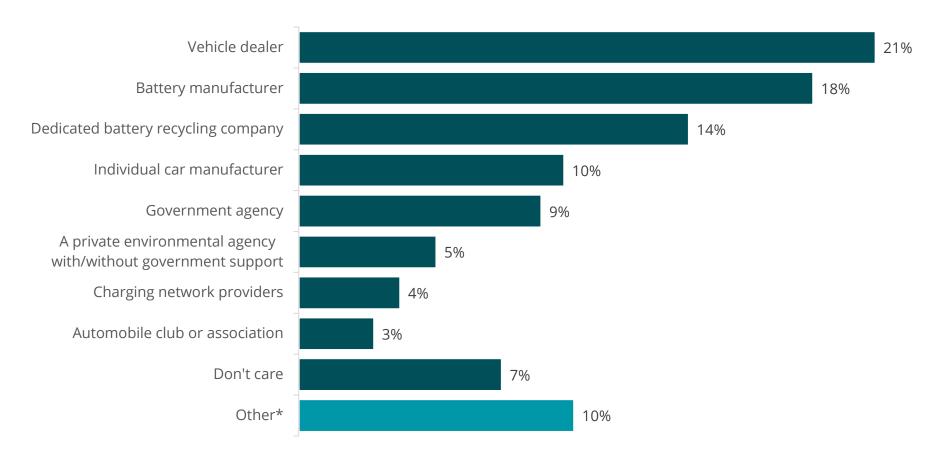
Q46: To what extent are you concerned about the end-to-end environmental impact of an EV battery (e.g., mineral mining, manufacturing, source of electricity during multiple lifecycles, end-of-life recycling)?

Sample size: n= 324 [EV intender], 347 [ICE intender]

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# Surveyed consumers believe vehicle dealers and battery manufacturers should be primarily responsible for collecting, storing, and recycling EV batteries after their useful lives.

Entity that should be responsible for collecting, storing, and recycling EV batteries after their useful lives (% of respondents)



<sup>\*</sup>Other includes 'other' and 'don't know' responses.

Sample size: n= 849

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Q47: Who do you think should be responsible for collecting, storing, and recycling electric vehicle batteries after their useful lives?

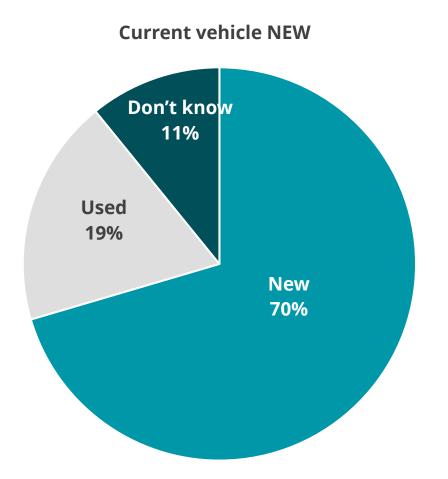


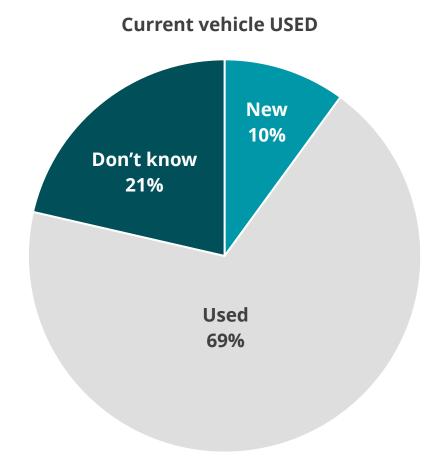
# Future vehicle intentions



7 in 10 owners surveyed who acquired their current vehicle new intend to buy a new vehicle again while only 10% of people who acquired their current vehicle used said the same.

Next vehicle type by current vehicle type

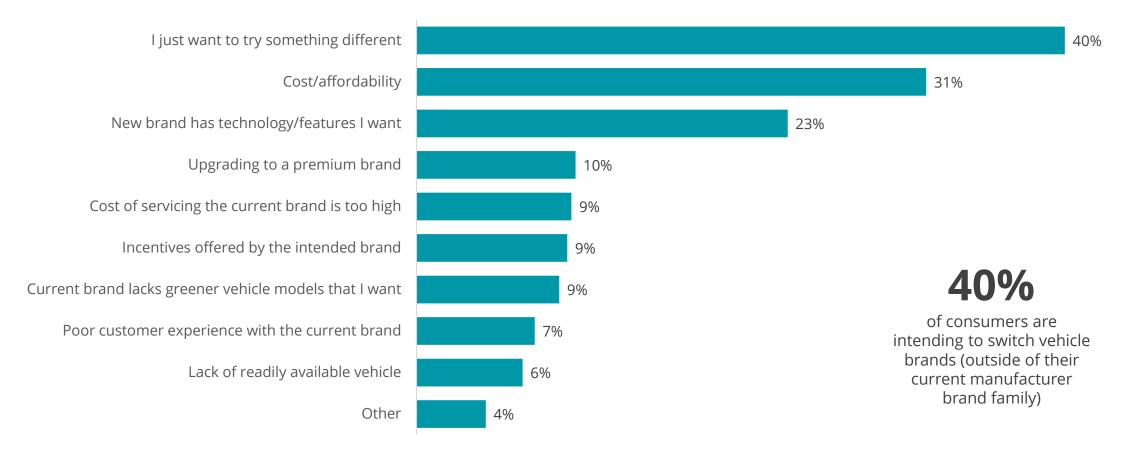




Q15. Will your next vehicle be new or used? Sample size: n= 433 [New], 299 [Used]

# Survey respondents indicated that trying something different and cost/affordability are the most important reasons for choosing a new brand of vehicle over the one they currently drive.

Most important reasons for switching to another brand\* of vehicle



Note: \* includes switching to a different brand from the same parent or a different brand from a different sales parent; Sum of the percentages exceed 100% as respondents can select multiple options.

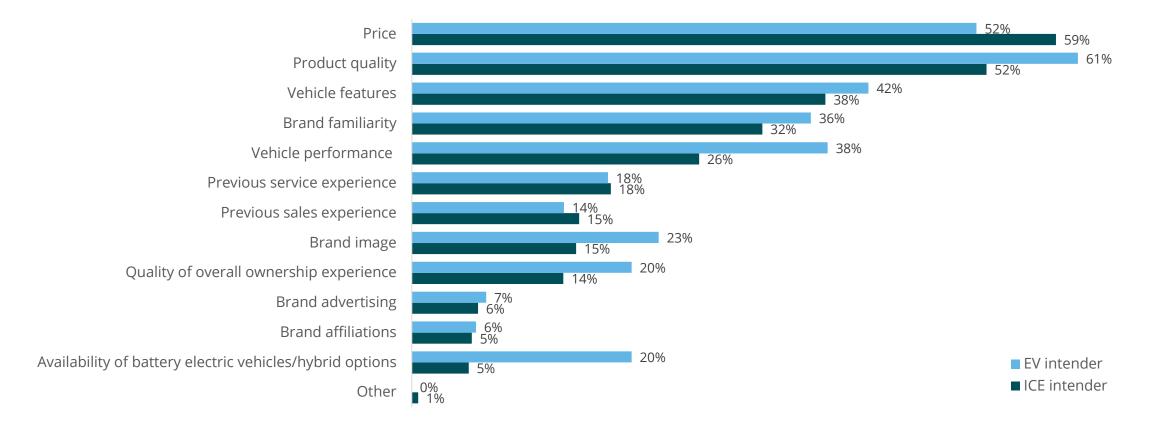
Sample size: n= 402
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Q18. Why are you considering a switch to another vehicle brand? Please select all that apply.

Overall, product quality is the deciding factor for a consumer choosing an EV while price is important for ICE buyers. In addition, vehicle performance, brand image, and the overall quality of the ownership experience are more important for an EV buyer vs. an ICE intender.

Most important factors driving the choice of brand for your next vehicle (by type of engine in next vehicle)



Note: Sum of the percentages exceed 100% as respondents can select multiple options.

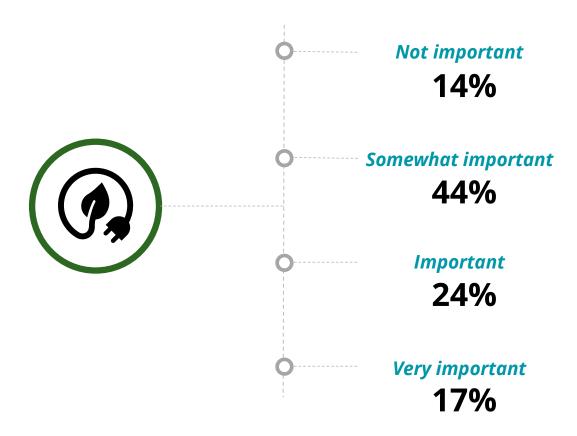
Q19. What are the most important factors driving the choice of brand for your next vehicle? (Please select all that apply).

Sample size: n= 347 [Gasoline/diesel vehicles], 324 [Electrified vehicles]

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At the same time, 4 in 10 consumers believe it is important/very important for vehicle brands to show a strong commitment to sustainable practices such as the use of environmentally friendly materials and a low carbon manufacturing footprint.

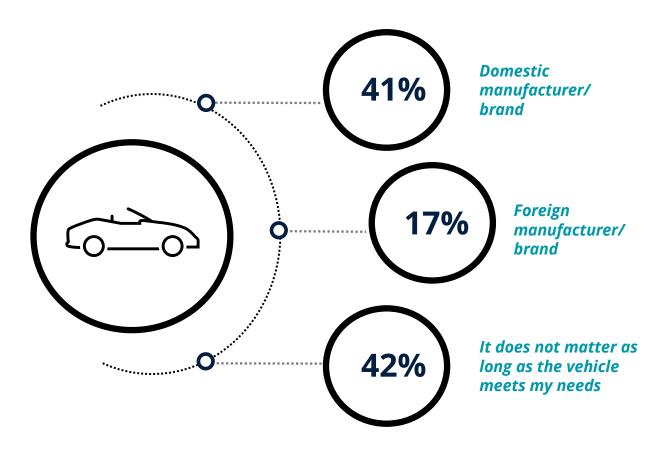
Percentage of consumers who would give importance to vehicle brands that have a strong commitment to sustainable practices



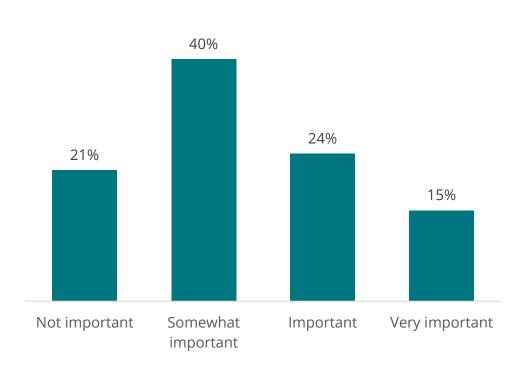
Q20: When thinking about choosing your next vehicle, how important will it be for a vehicle brand to have a strong commitment to sustainable practices (e.g., low carbon manufacturing footprint, use of environmentally friendly materials, electrification strategy)?

# When it comes to consumer preference toward domestic and foreign brands, 4 in 10 consumers surveyed are content with either, as long as the vehicle meets their needs.

Preferred organizations for next vehicle purchase



Percentage of consumers who give importance to local vehicle manufacturing (i.e., manufactured in your country or region)

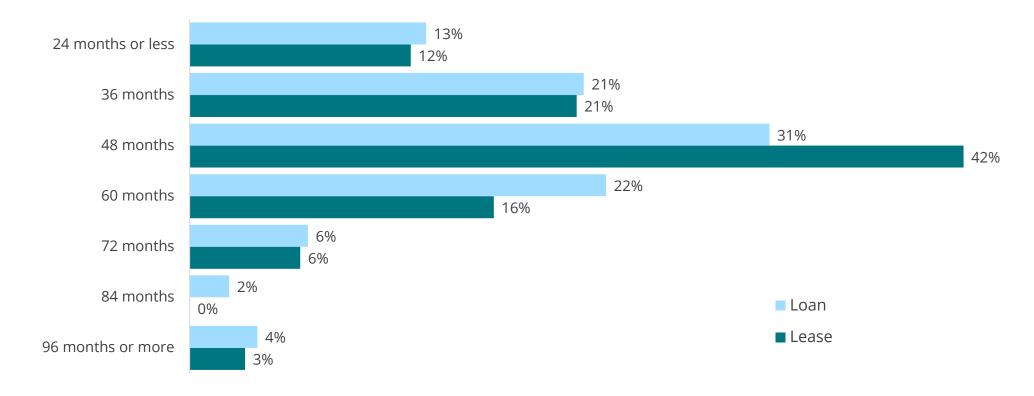


Q45: From which of the following type of organizations are you most interested in acquiring your next vehicle?; Q21: To what extent is it important that your next vehicle be locally manufactured (i.e., manufactured in your country or region)?

Sample size: n= 849 [Q45]; 849 [Q21]

Nearly half of consumers plan to finance their next vehicle with either a loan or lease contract. However, expectations for preferred term durations may be getting out of sync with market realities given the use of extended terms to keep monthly payments in check.

### Preferred loan and lease duration

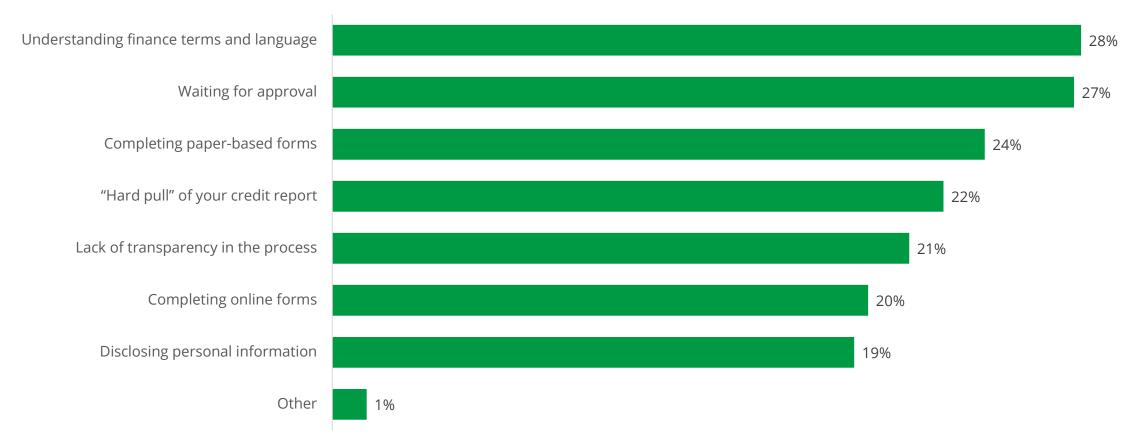


Q24. How do you intend to acquire your next vehicle?; Q25. What is your preferred loan duration (in months)?; Q26. What is your preferred lease duration (in months)? Sample size: n= 849 [Q24]; 329 [Q25]; 67 [Q26]

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# Understanding finance terms and waiting for approval are the most disliked parts of the financing process for survey respondents seeking a loan or lease.

Most disliked part(s) of the finance process



Note: Sum of the percentages exceed 100% as respondents can select multiple options.

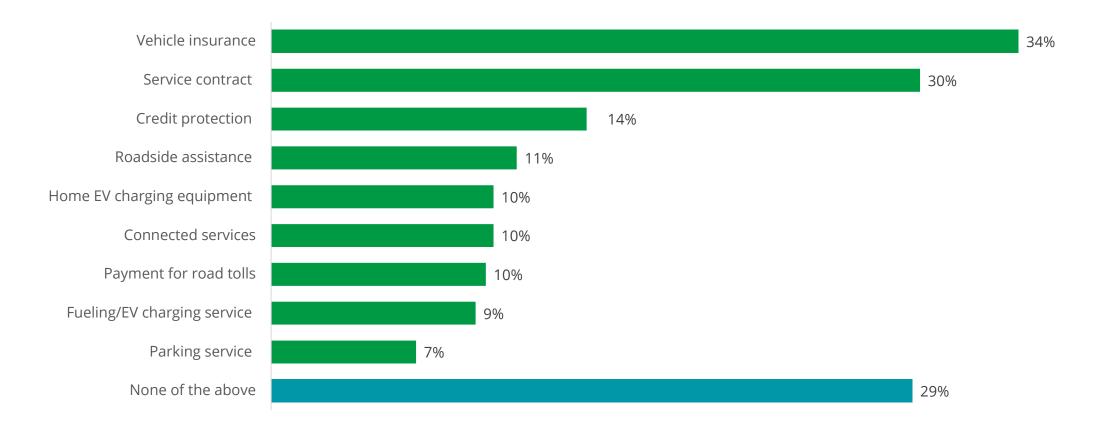
Q27. What part(s) of the vehicle finance process do you dislike the most? Please select all that apply.

Sample size: n= 396

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### Vehicle insurance and service contracts are the most important additional services consumers plan to acquire with their next vehicle. At the same time, 3 in 10 surveyed consumers are not interested in any additional services.

Most important additional services that consumers plan to purchase, or subscribe to, when acquiring their next vehicle



Note: Sum of the percentages exceed 100% as respondents can select multiple options.

Q28: Which of the following additional services do you plan to purchase, or subscribe to, when acquiring your next vehicle? Please select all that apply.?

Sample size: n= 849

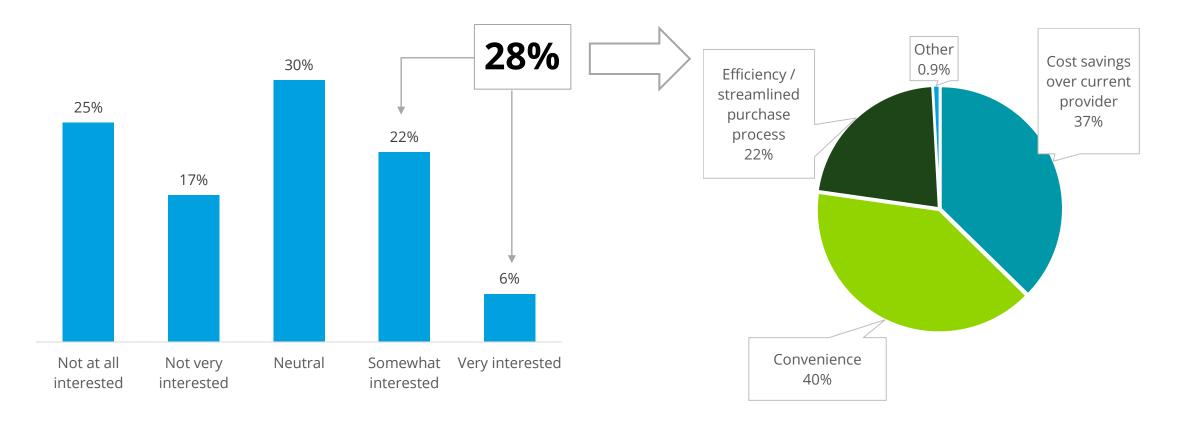
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# OEMs are looking at every potential profit pool going forward, including bringing insurance products inhouse, signaling a potential disruption for the traditional value chain.

Percentage of consumers who would purchase insurance directly from the manufacturer

For those consumers who are interested in purchasing insurance directly from the manufacturer, primary benefits are..

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Q52: The next time you acquire a vehicle, how interested would you be in purchasing insurance directly from the vehicle manufacturer?; Q53: What do you believe the primary benefit of buying insurance directly from the manufacturer to be?

Sample size: n= 849 [Q52]; 233 [Q53]

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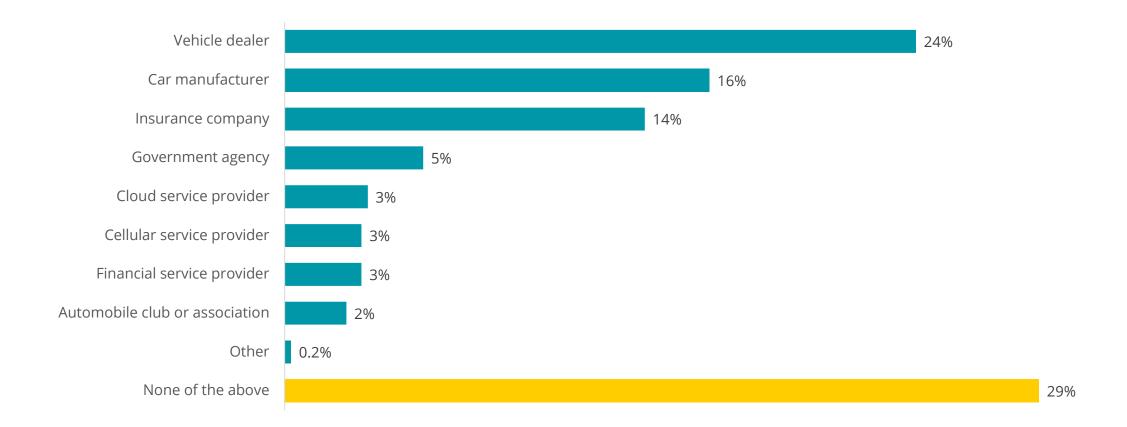


Connectivity



# Consumers trust dealers, OEMs, and insurance companies the most when it comes to managing collected vehicle data. At the same time, 3 in 10 surveyed consumers said they do not trust anyone.

Consumer opinions on whom they trust the most to manage data generated/collected by their vehicle



Q51: In a scenario where you owned a connected vehicle, who would you trust most with access to the data your vehicle generates?

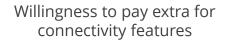
Sample size: n= 849

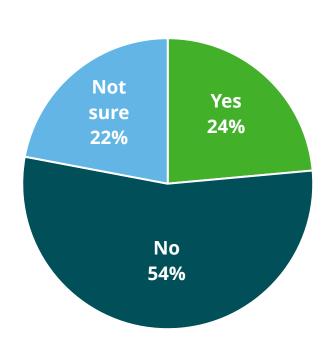
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Having said that, consumers are ready to share their PII\* if it helps them with updates related to vehicle maintenance, road safety, and traffic congestion. However, only a quarter of consumers are willing to pay for these connected services.

Interest in a connected vehicle even if it requires sharing PII\* and/or vehicle data







Note: Sum of the percentages exceed 100% as respondents can select multiple options.

Q49: How interested are you in the following benefits of a connected vehicle if it meant sharing your own personally identifying data and/or vehicle/operational data with the manufacturer or a third party? Q50: Are you willing to pay extra for these features?

Sample size: n= 849 [Q49]; 849 [Q50]

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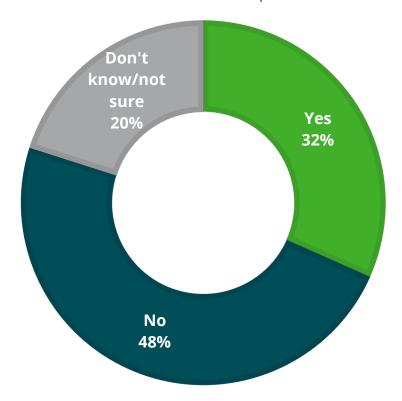
<sup>\*</sup>personally identifiable information.

# Shared mobility

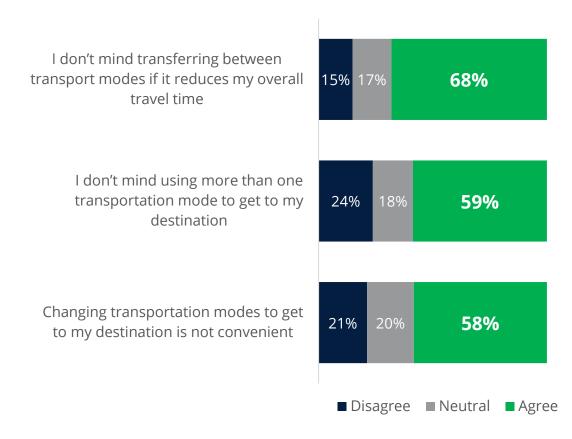


One-third of the consumers are questioning whether they need to own a vehicle going forward based on their use of shared transportation modes. Two-thirds of the consumers also don't mind transferring between transportation modes if it reduces their overall travel time.

Percentage of consumers questioning the need to own a vehicle in the future due to their use of share transportation



Level of agreement or disagreement on shared transportation



Q56: Does your use of shared transportation modes make you question whether you need to own a vehicle going forward? Q55: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

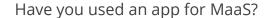
Sample size: n= 518 [Q56]; 518 [Q55]

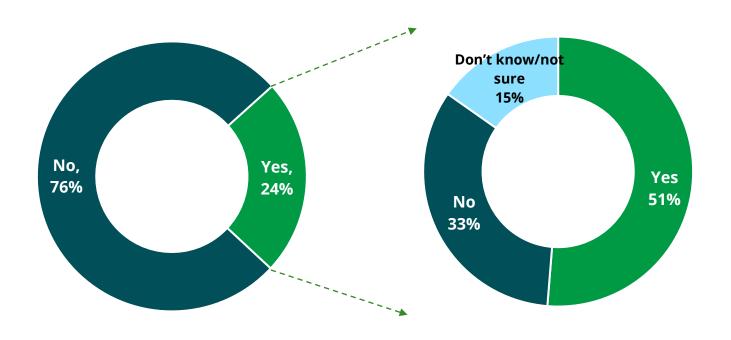
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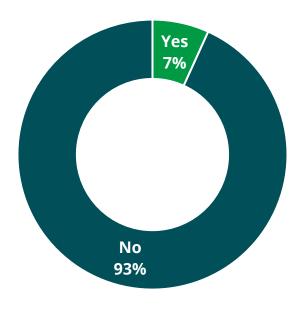
# One-quarter of consumers are aware of mobility-as-a-service (MaaS)\*. Among them, half said MaaS is available where they live but only 7% have used a MaaS app.

Have you heard of Mobility-as-a-Service (MaaS)?

Is MaaS available where you live?







<sup>\*</sup>MaaS is a smart mobility solution based on a smartphone that allows consumers to access and pay for various forms of shared transportation such as ride-hailing, car sharing, shared e-scooters, shared bicycles, and public transportation in one fully integrated mobility solution.

Q57: Have you heard about the concept of "mobility-as-a-service" (MaaS)?; Q58: Is this type of service available where you live?; Q59: Have you used this type of app? Sample size: n= 1,000 [Q57]; 236 [Q58]; 236 [Q59]

However, among those people who are aware of MaaS, more than a half (primarily driven by younger and middle-aged consumers) show a willingness to adopt it as their primary transportation mode going forward.

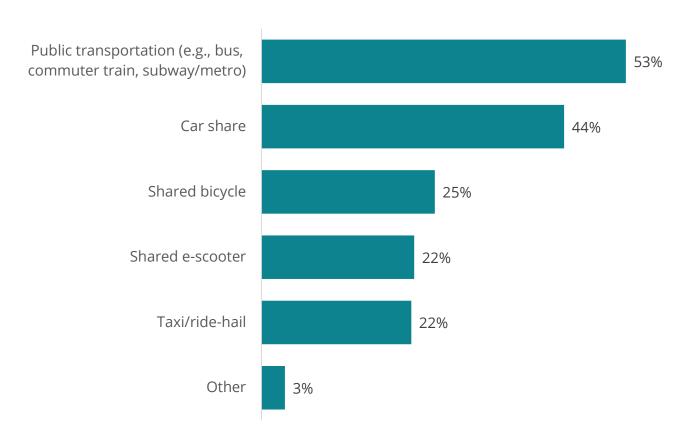


55%

of consumers are <u>willing</u> to adopt MaaS as primary transport

Interest in MaaS as primary transport

| 18-34       | 62% |
|-------------|-----|
| 35-54       | 60% |
| 55 or above | 36% |



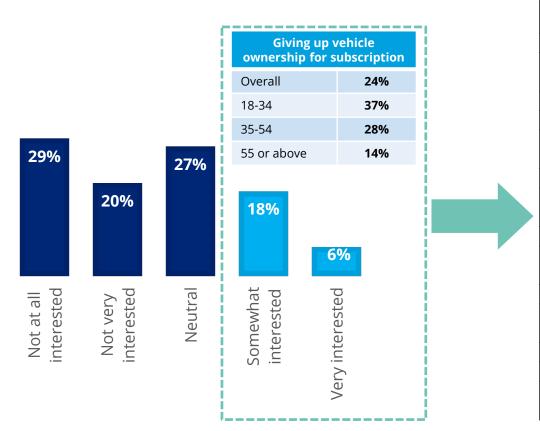
Q61: To what extent would you be willing to adopt a "mobility-as-a-service" solution as your primary form of transportation?; Q62: Which of the following shared transportation types are most important to include in a "mobility-as-a-service" app? Please select all that apply.

# Vehicle subscriptions



# Overall, one-quarter of consumers are interested in giving up vehicle ownership in favor of a subscription service. However, younger consumers are significantly more interested in this alternative mobility model.

Interest in giving up vehicle ownership in favor of vehicle subscription



| Important characteristics of a vehicle subscription  | Overall | 18-34 | 35-54 | 55 or<br>above |
|--|---------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Convenience  | 33%     | 30%   | 35%   | 32%            |
| Full cost control due to transparent and predictable fixed monthly fees                              | 33%     | 29%   | 31%   | 41%            |
| Availability of vehicles   | 30%     | 28%   | 25%   | 39%            |
| Possibility to exchange vehicles   | 28%     | 25%   | 26%   | 37%            |
| Possibility to test new vehicles for a certain period without additional costs                       | 28%     | 19%   | 33%   | 32%            |
| Increased flexibility  | 26%     | 24%   | 29%   | 27%            |
| Hassle-free online contract closing/ full digital customer experience                                | 26%     | 25%   | 31%   | 19%            |
| Home delivery services   | 25%     | 24%   | 24%   | 27%            |
| Selection of brand new as well as certified pre-owned vehicles (for a comparable lower monthly rate) | 20%     | 17%   | 22%   | 20%            |
| Premium vehicles/brands offered  | 19%     | 21%   | 21%   | 12%            |
| Possibility to subscribe to a specific model instead of a vehicle segment                            | 18%     | 22%   | 21%   | 7%             |
| Availability of complementary premium services   | 17%     | 19%   | 21%   | 7%             |
| Selection of only brand new vehicles   | 16%     | 17%   | 15%   | 15%            |
| Possibility to subscribe to a vehicle segment (e.g., SUVs) instead of a specific model               | 14%     | 16%   | 13%   | 12%            |

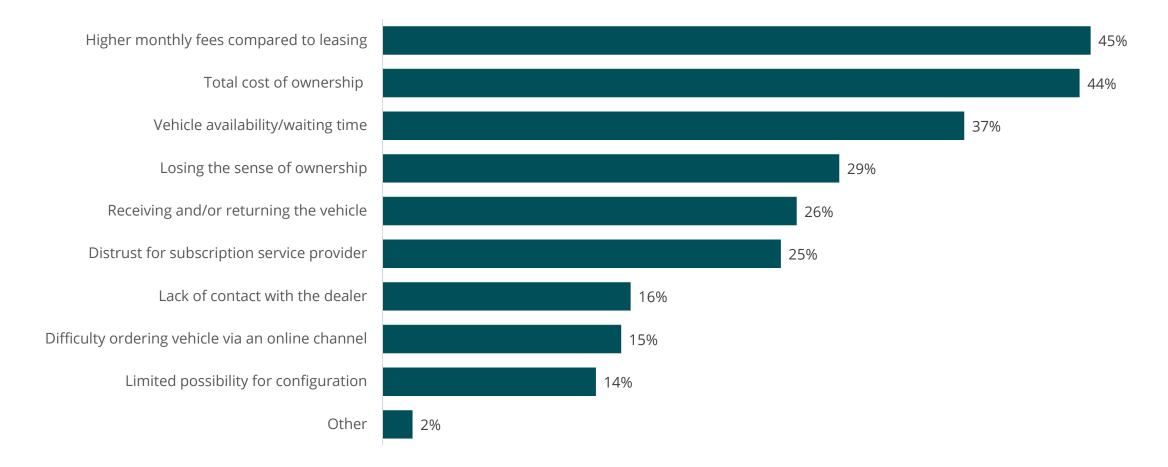
Top three characteristics

Sample size: n= 1,000 [Q63, overall], 241 [Q63, 18-34], 322 [Q63, 35-54], 437 [Q63, 55 or above]; 239 [Q64, overall]; 89 [Q64, 18-34], 91 [Q64, 35-54], 59 [Q64, 55 or above]

Q63: To what extent are you interested in giving up vehicle ownership in favor of subscribing to the use of a vehicle going forward? Q64: What are the most important characteristics of a vehicle subscription? Please select all that apply.

# On the other hand, high monthly fees and total ownership costs are the main concerns' consumers have regarding vehicle subscription services.

Main concerns regarding vehicle subscription services



Q65: What are your main concerns regarding vehicle subscription services? Please select all that apply.

Sample size: n= 1,000

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# Vehicle subscription services focused on affordability may have room to grow in the market as 8 in 10 consumers expect to pay less than €400 a month for their next vehicle.

Consumer expectation regarding monthly vehicle payment (by age group)

| Monthly vehicle payment/subscription | Overall | 18-34 | 35-54   | 55 or above |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-------|---------|-------------|
| Less than €200                       | 49%     | 36%   | 46%     | 58%         |
| €200 to less than €400               | 31%     | 26%   | 26% 31% |             |
| €400 to less than €600               | 12%     | 19%   | 13%     | 7%          |
| €600 to less than €800               | 7%      | 15%   | 8%      | 1%          |
| €800 to less than €1,000             | 1%      | 2%    | 1%      | 0%          |
| €1,000 or more                       | 1%      | 1%    | 1%      | 0%          |





## **About the study**

### **Survey timing**

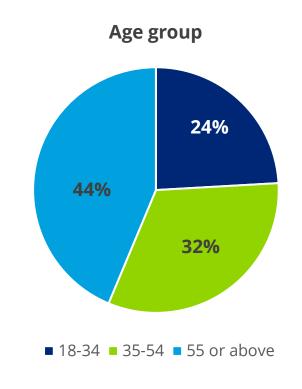
October 12 to October 18, 2023

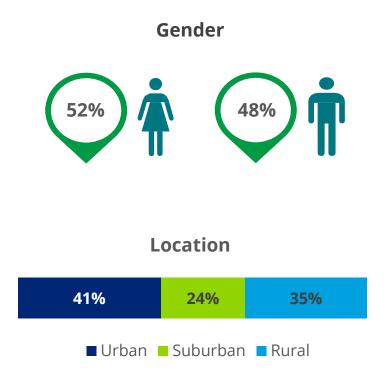
### Sample

The survey polled a sample of 1,000 consumers in France. The survey has a margin of error for the entire sample of  $\pm$ 0.1%

### Methodology

The study is fielded using an online panel methodology where consumers of driving age are invited to complete the questionnaire via email.





# Deloitte.

### **Contacts**

### **Guillaume Crunelle**

Automotive Practice Leader, France Deloitte France gcrunelle@deloitte.fr

### Ryan Robinson

Automotive Research Leader Deloitte ryanrobinson@deloitte.ca

### Srinivasa Reddy Tummalapalli

Automotive Research Manager sritummalapalli@deloitte.com

### **Dinesh Tamilvanan**

Automotive Research Analyst dinet@deloitte.com

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