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### Corporate income tax rates<sup>1</sup>

#### **Updated to October 1, 2014**

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Federal <sup>2, 16</sup>	General/M&P/Investment	18.00	16.50	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
	Small business	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
	Investment - CCPC	34.67	34.67	34.67	34.67	34.67	34.67
British Columbia <sup>3</sup>	General/M&P/Investment	10.5	10	10	10/11	11	11
	Small business	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Alberta <sup>4</sup>	General/M&P/Investment	10	10	10	10	10	10
	Small business	3	3	3	3	3	3
Saskatchewan <sup>5</sup>	General/Investment	12	12	12	12	12	12
	Small business	4.5	4.5/2	2	2	2	2
	M&P	10	10	10	10	10	10
Manitoba <sup>6</sup>	General/M&P/Investment	12	12	12	12	12	12
	Small business	1/0	0	0	0	0	0
Ontario <sup>7</sup>	General/Investment	14/12	12/11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5
	Small business	5.5/4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
	M&P	12/10	10	10	10	10	10
Quebec <sup>8</sup>	General/Investment/M&P	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.9
	Small business (non M&P-M&P)	8	8	8	8	8-6.85	8-4.49
New Brunswick <sup>9</sup>	General/M&P/Investment	12/11	11/10	10	10/12	12	12
	Small business	5	5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Nova Scotia <sup>10</sup>	General/M&P/Investment	16	16	16	16	16	16
	Small business	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	3
Prince Edward Island <sup>11</sup>	General/Investment/M&P	16	16	16	16	16	16
	Small business	2.1/1	1	1	1.0/4.5	4.5	4.5
Newfoundland and Labrador <sup>12</sup>	General/Investment	14	14	14	14	14	14
	Small business	5/4	4	4	4	4/3	3
	M&P	5	5	5	5	5	5
Yukon <sup>13</sup>	General/Investment	15	15	15	15	15	15
	Small business	4	4	4	4	4/3	3
	M&P	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Northwest Territories <sup>14</sup>	General/M&P/Investment	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5
	Small business	4	4	4	4	4	4
Nunavut <sup>15</sup>	General/M&P/Investment	12	12	12	12	12	12
	Small business	4	4	4	4	4	4

M&P: Manufacturing or processing, CCPC: Canadian-controlled private corporation

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- This table provides a glance of the corporate income tax rates (federal, provincial and territorial) announced up to October 1, 2014. The rates apply to the 2010 to 2015 12-month taxation years ended on December 31, unless otherwise indicated. In Canada, corporate income taxes are levied separately by both the federal government and the provincial and territorial governments. Although the tax base is substantially the same, there are minor differences. Also, rules exist to allocate income between the provinces and territories so that the same income is not taxed twice. The rates indicated in the table may not apply to income earned by credit unions, mutual fund corporations, mortgage investment corporations, most deposit insurance corporations and investment corporations, as this income already qualifies for a special tax treatment. Personal services businesses are subject to a federal tax rate of 28%.
- Federal: The income limit for the purposes of the small business deduction (SBD limit) has been \$500,000 since 2009. The business limit must be allocated between associated corporations. The SBD is reduced progressively on a straight-line basis for CCPCs when their taxable capital used in Canada varies between \$10 million and \$15 million.
- British Columbia: SBD limit: increased to \$500,000 since 2010. As announced in the February 19, 2008 budget, the General/M&P/Investment rate was reduced to 10.5% effective January 1, 2010 and to 10% effective January 1, 2011. In addition, the rate for small businesses was reduced to 3% effective January 1, 2010 and to 2.5% effective January 1, 2011. The October 23, 2008 Economic Update proposed a further decrease in the rate for small businesses from 3.5% to 2.5%, effective December 1, 2008. The February 21, 2012 budget introduced a provisional one point increase in the general corporate income tax rate to 11%, effective April 1, 2014. The February 19, 2013 budget announced an increase to the general rate from 10% to 11% effective April 1, 2013, one year earlier than originally announced. However, the Legislative Assembly was dissolved on April 16, 2013, and a provincial general election was held on May 14, 2013. The re-elected liberal government reintroduced the February 19, 2013 budget proposal in its June 27, 2013 budget. The February 18, 2014 budget announced no further changes.
- Alberta: SBD limit: increased to \$500,000 since April 1, 2009. The February 9, 2010, February 24, 2011, February 9, 2012, March 7, 2013 and March 7, 2014 budgets announced no further changes.
- Saskatchewan: SBD limit: increased to \$500,000 since July 1, 2008. The March 23, 2011 budget proposed a reduction in the small business rate from 4.5% to 2% effective July 1, 2011. The March 21, 2012 budget announced no changes to the rates. No changes were announced in the March 20, 2013 budget. However, the government confirmed its intention to reduce the general corporate tax rate as and when this reduction is sustainable. The March 19, 2014 budget announced no further changes.
- Manitoba: SBD limit: \$400,000 since 2005. SBD limit to increase to \$425,000 as of January 1, 2014 as announced in the April 16, 2013 budget. The March 25, 2009 budget announced the reduction of the small business rate to zero effective December 1, 2010. The March 23, 2010 budget announced that the reduction in the general rate to 11% is postponed until the economy strengthens. The April 12, 2011, April 17, 2012, April 16, 2013 and March 6, 2014 budgets announced no changes related to tax rates.
- Ontario: SBD limit: \$500,000 since January 1, 2007. As announced in the March 26, 2009 budget, the general rate was to be reduced to 12% as of July 1, 2010, to 11.5% as of July 1, 2011, to 11% as of July 1, 2012 and to 10% as of July 1, 2013 and the rate for manufacturing and processing profits would be reduced from 12% to 10% as of July 1, 2010. Further, the rate for small businesses would be reduced to 4.5% as of July 1, 2010. The budget also announced the elimination of the SBD surtax as of July 1, 2010. The budget also proposed amendments to the corporate minimum tax. Effective for taxation years ending after June 30, 2010, a corporation is liable to pay the corporate minimum tax if it (or its associated group) has total assets greater than \$50 million and total revenue greater than \$100 million. The budget reduced the minimum tax rate, effective July 2010, from 4% to 2.7% of a corporation's adjusted net income. The March 25, 2010 budget confirmed the previously announced measures. The March 29, 2011 budget announced no changes related to tax rates. The March 27, 2012 budget proposed to postpone the rate reductions scheduled for July 1, 2012 (to 11%) and for July 1, 2013 (to 10%) and to maintain the general tax rate to 11.5% until 2017-2018. The May 2, 2013 budget announced no changes related to tax rates: The July 14, 2014 budget proposed no rate changes. However, the small business deduction, which provides for a 4.5% tax rate on the first \$500,000 of active business income for CCPCs, is proposed to be phased out for CCPCs with more than \$10 million in taxable capital employed in Canada in the previous year, with full elimination of the deduction where taxable capital exceeds \$15 million (similar to the federal SBD claw-back). This measure is effective for taxation years ending after May 1, 2014 and will be prorated for taxation years that straddle May 1, 2014.
- Quebec: SBD limit: \$500,000 since March 20, 2009. The March 30, 2010, March 17, 2011, March 20, 2012 and November 20, 2012 budgets announced no changes related to tax rates. The June 4, 2014 budget announced that manufacturing small medium enterprises (SME) may claim an additional tax rate reduction on the first \$500,000 of annual income eligible for the Quebec small business deduction. The maximum additional reduction a corporation may claim will be 2% as of June 5, 2014, increasing to 4% as of April 1, 2015. The rate reduction is prorated for taxation years straddling those dates. SMEs whose M&P activities are 50% or more can benefit from the maximum rate reduction. The rate reduction is reduced according to a formula where the proportion of M&P activities is less than 50% but at least 25%. There is no rate reduction where that proportion is less than 25%.
- New Brunswick: As announced in the March 17, 2009 budget, the general rate was to be reduced to 12% as of July 1, 2009, to 11% as of July 1, 2010, to 10% as of July 1, 2011 and to 8% as of July 1, 2012. The SBD limit was increased to \$500,000 to match the federal SBD limit effective January 1, 2009. The March 22, 2011 budget proposed a reduction in the small business rate from 5% to 4.5% effective January 1, 2012. The budget also confirmed the previously announced reduction in the general rate to 10% as of July 1, 2011 and a commitment to maintaining this rate, indicating that the previously announced reduction to 8% as of July 1, 2012 would no longer occur. The March 27, 2012 announced no changes related to tax rates. The March 26, 2013 budget announced an increase in the general rate from 10% to 12%, effective July 1, 2013 and maintained the small business rate of 4.5%. The February 4, 2014 budget has not introduced any corporate rate changes.
- Nova Scotia: SBD limit: \$400,000 since April 1, 2006. SBD limit to decrease to \$350,000, the lowest SBD limit in the country, as of January 1, 2014 as announced in the April 4, 2013 budget. The April 6, 2010 budget announced that the rate for small businesses would be reduced from 5% to 4.5% as of January 1, 2011. The April 5, 2011 budget announced that the small business rate would be reduced from

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4.5% to 4.0% as of January 1, 2012. The April 3, 2012 budget announced that the small business rate would be reduced from 4.0% to 3.5% as of January 1, 2013. The April 4, 2013 budget announced a reduction in the small business rate from 3.5% to 3%, effective January 1, 2014. The April 4, 2014 budget has not introduced any corporate rate changes.

- Prince Edward Island: SBD limit: \$500,000 since January 1, 2009. The rate for small businesses was reduced to 1% effective April 1, 2010. The April 23, 2010, April 6, 2011 and April 18, 2012 budgets announced no changes related to tax rates. The March 27, 2013 budget announced an increase in the small business rate from 1% to 4.5%, effective April 1, 2013 and no change in the general business rate of 16%. The April 9, 2014 budget did not introduce any corporate rate changes.
- Newfoundland and Labrador: SBD limit: \$500,000 since January 1, 2009. The March 29, 2010 budget announced that the rate for small businesses would be reduced from 5% to 4% applicable to fiscal periods beginning after March 31, 2010. The M&P rate remains 5%. The April 19, 2011, April 24, 2012 and March 26, 2013 budgets announced no changes related to tax rates. The March 28, 2014 budget announced that the small business rate would be reduced from 4% to 3% as of July 1, 2014.
- Yukon: SBD limit: \$400,000 since January 1, 2007. SBD limit increased to \$500,000 for 2011. The March 25, 2010, February 3, 2011, March 15, 2012 and March 21, 2013 budgets announced no changes related to tax rates. The March 25, 2014 budget announced that the small business rate would be reduced from 4% to 3%. This reduction is effective as of July 1, 2014.
- Northwest Territories: SBD limit: \$500,000 since January 1, 2009. The January 28, 2010, February 3, 2011, May 24, 2012, February 7, 2013 and February 6, 2014 budgets announced no changes related to tax rates.
- Nunavut: SBD limit: \$500,000 since January 1, 2009. The March 8, 2010, March 1, 2011, February 22, 2012, February 27, 2013 and May 27, 2014 budgets announced no changes related to tax rates.
- <sup>16</sup> **Federal:** The October 30, 2007 Economic Statement announced the following rate reductions:

General 18.0% effective January 1, 2010

16.5% effective January 1, 2011

15.0% effective January 1, 2012

The March 4, 2010, March 22, 2011, March 29, 2012, March 21, 2013 and February 11, 2014 budgets announced no changes related to tax rates.